

September 2008

No. OCH439 REVISED EDITION-A

SERVICE MANUAL

R410A

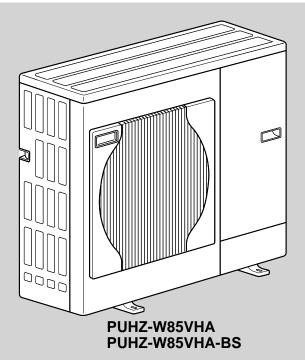
[model name]	[Service Ref.]
PUHZ-W50VHA	PUHZ-W50VHA
PUHZ-W50VHA-BS	PUHZ-W50VHA-BS
PUHZ-W85VHA	PUHZ-W85VHA
PUHZ-W85VHA-BS	PUHZ-W85VHA-BS
PUHZ-HW112YHA	PUHZ-HW112YHA
PUHZ-HW112YHA-BS	PUHZ-HW112YHA-BS
PUHZ-HW140VHA	PUHZ-HW140VHA
PUHZ-HW140VHA-BS	PUHZ-HW140VHA-BS
PUHZ-HW140YHA	PUHZ-HW140YHA
PUHZ-HW140YHA-BS	PUHZ-HW140YHA-BS

Revision:

- PUHZ-W50V/HW112Y/HW140V/ HW140YHA(-BS) and PUHZ-W85VHA-BS are added in REVISED EDITION-A.
- Some descriptions have been modified.
- Please void OCH439.

Note:

- This manual describes only service data of outdoor unit.
- RoHS compliant products have <G> mark on the spec name plate.



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PARTS CATALOG (OCB439)

SAFETY PRECAUTION

1-1. ALWAYS OBSERVE FOR SAFETY

Before obtaining access to terminal, all supply circuits must be disconnected.

1-2. CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT

Cautions for units utilizing refrigerant R410A

Do not use refrigerant other than R410A.

If other refrigerant (R22 etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

Vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R410A refrigerant.

The following tools are necessary to use R410A refrigerant.

Tools for R410A			
Gauge manifold Vacuum pump adap			
Charge hose	Electronic refrigerant		
Gas leak detector	charging scale		
Torque wrench			

Keep tools with care.

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

Do not use a charging cylinder.

If a charging cylinder is used, the composition of refrigerant will change and the efficiency will be lowered.

Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.

Charge refrigerant from liquid phase of gas cylinder.

If the refrigerant is charged from gas phase, composition change may occur in refrigerant and the efficiency will be lowered.

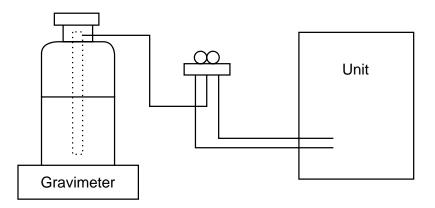
[1] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.

[2] Additional refrigerant charge

When charging directly from cylinder

- · Check that cylinder for R410A on the market is syphon type.
- · Charging should be performed with the cylinder of syphon stood vertically. (Refrigerant is charged from liquid phase.)



[3] Service tools

Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R410A refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications		
1	Gauge manifold	Only for R410A		
		·Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)		
		·Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3 MPa·G or over.		
2	Charge hose	·Only for R410A		
		·Use pressure performance of 5.09 MPa·G or over.		
3	Electronic scale			
4	Gas leak detector	·Use the detector for R134a, R407C or R410A.		
5	Adaptor for reverse flow check	·Attach on vacuum pump.		
6	Refrigerant charge base			
7	Refrigerant cylinder	Only for R410A Top of cylinder (Pink)		
		Cylinder with syphon		
8	Refrigerant recovery equipment			

1-3. CAUTIONS FOR REFRIGERANT PIPING WORK

Tools for R410A (The following table shows whether conventional tools can be used or not.)

Tools and materials	Use	R410A tools	Can R22 tools be used?	Can R407C tools be used?
Gauge manifold	Air purge, refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge hose	and operation check	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Gas leak detector	Gas leak check	Tool for HFC refrigerant	×	0
Refrigerant recovery equipment	Refrigerant recovery	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Refrigerant cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Safety charger	Prevent compressor malfunction when charging refrigerant by spraying liquid refrigerant	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge valve	Prevent gas from blowing out when detaching charge hose	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	X
Vacuum pump	Vacuum drying and air	Tools for other refrigerants can		\triangle (Usable if equipped
	purge	be used if equipped with adop-	with adopter for rever-	with adopter for rever-
		ter for reverse flow check	se flow)	se flow)
Bender	Bend the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Pipe cutter	Cut the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Welder and nitrogen gas cylinder	Weld the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Refrigerant charging scale	Charge refrigerant	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Vacuum gauge or thermis-	Check the degree of vacuum. (Vacuum	Tools for other refrigerants	0	0
tor vacuum gauge and	valve prevents back flow of oil and refri-	can be used		
vacuum valve	gerant to thermistor vacuum gauge)			
Charging cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	X	_

- \times : Prepare a new tool. (Use the new tool as the tool exclusive for R410A.)
- △: Tools for other refrigerants can be used under certain conditions.
 ○: Tools for other refrigerants can be used.

1-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR SALT PROOF TYPE "-BS" MODEL

Although "-BS" model has been designed to be resistant to salt damage, observe the following precautions to maintain the performance of the unit.

- 1. Avoid installing the uint in a location where it will be exposed directly to seawater or sea breeze.
- 2. If the cover panel may become covered with salt, be sure to install the unit in a location where the salt will be washed away by rainwater. (If a sunshade is installed, rainwater may not clean the panel.)
- 3. To ensure that water does not collect in the base of the outdoor unit, make sure that the base is level, not at angle. Water collecting in the base of the outdoor unit could cause rust.
- 4. If the unit is installed in a coastal area, clean the unit with water regularly to remove any salt build-up.
- 5. If the unit is damaged during installation or maintenance, be sure to repair it.
- 6. Be sure to check the condition of the unit regularly.
- 7. Be sure to install the unit in a location with good drainage.

SPECIFICATIONS

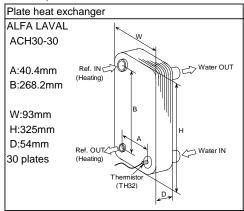
PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS)

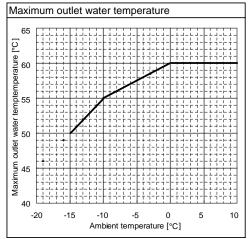
` ,			
Power supply (Phase, Voltage, Frequency)		1∮ , 230V, 50Hz	
Nominal water flow rate (Heating mode) L/min		14.3	
Heating	Capacity	kW	(Min.1.50~) 5.00
(A7/W35)	COP	•	4.10
	Power input	kW	1.22
Heating	Capacity	kW	(Min.1.50~) 5.00
(A2/W35)	COP		3.13
	Power input	kW	1.60
Pressure difference (water circuit)		kPa	12
Heating pump input (based on EN14511)		kW	0.01
		L/min	12.9
Cooling Capacity		kW	4.50
(A35/W7) EER (COP)			2.94
	Power input	kW	1.53
Cooling	Capacity	kW	4.50
(A35/W18) EER (COP)			4.13
	Power input	kW	1.09
Pressure difference (water circuit)		kPa	10
Cooling pump input (based on EN14511)		kW	0.01

Nominal operating condition		
Heating(A7/W35)		
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 7°C	
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 6°C	
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+30/+35°C	
Heating(A2/W35)	-	
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 2°C	
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 1°C	
Water temperature (inlet/outlet) -/+35°C		
Cooling(A35/W7)		
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+35°C	
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C	
Water temperature (inlet/outlet) +12/+7°C		
Cooling(A35/W18)		
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+35°C	
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C	
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+23/+18°C	

Note: "COP" and "Power input" in the above table are values that contains the "pump input (based on EN 14511) ".

Outdoor unit specification	ns		
Model name		P	UHZ-W50VHA(-BS)
Running current	Heating(A7/W35) A		5.4
	Cooling(A35/W7)	Α	6.8
Power factor	Heating(A7/W35)	%	97
	Cooling(A35/W7)	%	97
Max. current		Α	13.0
Breaker size		Α	16
Outer casing		1	Galvanized plate
External finish			Munsell 3Y 7.8/1.1
Refrigerant control			Linear expansion valve
Compressor			Hermetic twin rotary
•	Model		SNB130FGCM
	Motor output	kW	0.9
	Start type	'	Inverter
	Protection device	es	HP switch
			Discharge thermo
			Comp. Surface thermo
	Oil (Model)	L	0.35 (FV50S)
Crankcase heater		W	-
Heat exchanger	Air	1	Plate fin coil
Water			Plate heat exchanger
Fan	Fan(drive)×No.		Propeller fan x 1
	Fan motor output	kW	0.086
	Air flow	m³/min	50
		(CFM)	(1,760)
Defrost method		· ` ′	Reverse cycle *1
Noise level (SPL)	Heating	dB	46 *2
,	Cooling	dB	45 *2
Dimensions	Width	mm (in.)	950 (37-3/8)
	Depth	mm (in.)	330 +30 ^{*3} (13+1-3/16)
	Height	mm (in.)	740 (29-3/16)
Weight	<u> </u>	kg (lbs)	64 (141)
Refrigerant			R410A
	Quantity	kg (lbs)	1.7 (3.7)
Guaranteed operating	Heating	°C	-15 ~ +35
range (Outdoor)	Cooling	°C	-5 ^{*4} ~ +46
Outlet water temp.	Heating	°C	+60
(Max in heating, Min in coolin		°C	+5
Return water	Heating	°C	+5 ~ +59
temperature range	Cooling	°C	+8 ~ +28
Water flow rate range		L/min	6.5 ~ 14.3





- *1 Hot gas with four-way valve
- *2 at distance of 1m from outdoor unit
- *3 grill
- *4 With the optional air outlet guide, the operation at -15°C outdoor temperature is possible.

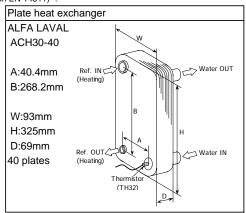
PUHZ-W85VHA(-BS)

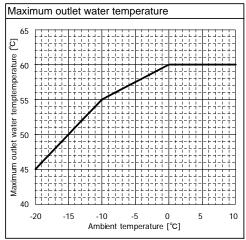
Power supply (Phase, Voltage, Frequency)		1 φ , 230V, 50Hz	
Nominal water flow rate (Heating mode) L/min		L/min	25.8
Heating	Capacity	kW	(Min.2.70 ~) 9.00
(A7/W35)	COP		3.85
	Power input	kW	2.34
Heating	Capacity	kW	(Min.2.60 ~) 8.50
(A2/W35)	COP	-	2.95
	Power input	kW	2.88
Pressure diffe	erence (water circuit)	kPa	20
Heating pump input (based on EN14511)		kW	0.03
Nominal water flow rate (Cooling mode)		L/min	21.5
Cooling	Capacity	kW	7.50
(A35/W7) EER (COP)		2.39	
	Power input	kW	3.14
Cooling	Capacity	kW	7.50
(A35/W18) EER (COP)		3.87	
	Power input	kW	1.94
Pressure diffe	Pressure difference (water circuit)		15
Cooling pump input (based on EN14511)		kW	0.02

Nominal operating condition			
Heating(A7/W35)			
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 7°C		
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 6°C		
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+30/+35°C		
Heating(A2/W35)			
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 2°C		
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb) + 1°C			
Water temperature (inlet/outlet) -/+35°C			
Cooling(A35/W7)			
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+35°C		
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C		
Water temperature (inlet/outlet) +12/+7°C			
Cooling(A35/W18)			
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+35°C		
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C		
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+23/+18°C		

Note: "COP" and "Power input" in the above table are values that contains the "pump input (based on EN 14511) ".

Note: "COP" and "Power inpu	t" in the above table are	e values that	t contains the "pump input (based
Outdoor unit specificatio	ns		
Model name		P	UHZ-W85VHA(-BS)
Running current Heating(A7/V		Α	10.3
	Cooling(A35/W7)	Α	13.7
Power factor	Heating(A7/W35)	%	98
	Cooling(A35/W7)	%	98
Max. current	•	Α	23.0
Breaker size		Α	25
Outer casing			Galvanized plate
External finish			Munsell 3Y 7.8/1.1
Refrigerant control			Linear expansion valve
Compressor			Hermetic twin rotary
	Model		TNB220FLHM1
	Motor output	kW	1.3
	Start type		Inverter
	Protection device	s	HP switch
			Discharge thermo
			Ü
	Oil (Model)	L	0.67 (FV50S)
Crankcase heater		W	-
Heat exchanger	Air	!	Plate fin coil
3.	Water		Plate heat exchanger
Fan	Fan(drive)×No.		Propeller fan x 1
	Fan motor output	kW	0.060
	Air flow	m ³ /min	55
		(CFM)	(1,940)
Defrost method		. (- /	Reverse cycle *1
Noise level (SPL)	Heating	dB	48 *2
	Cooling	dB	48 *2
Dimensions	Width	mm (in.)	950 (37-3/8)
	Depth	mm (in.)	330 +30 ^{*3} (13+1-3/16)
	Height	mm (in.)	943 (37-1/8)
Weight		kg (lbs)	77 (170)
Refrigerant			R410A
	Quantity	kg (lbs)	2.4 (5.3)
Guaranteed operating	Heating	°C	-20 ~ +35
range (Outdoor)	Cooling	°C	-5 ^{*4} ∼ +46
Outlet water temp.	Heating	°C	+60
(Max in heating, Min in cooling		°C	+5
Return water	Heating	°C	+5 ~ +59
temperature range	Cooling	°C	+8 ~ +28
Water flow rate range		L/min	10.0 ~ 25.8





- *1 Hot gas with four-way valve
- *2 at distance of 1m from outdoor unit
- *3 grill
- *4 With the optional air outlet guide, the operation at -15°C outdoor temperature is possible.

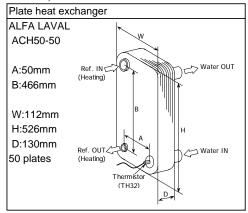
PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS)

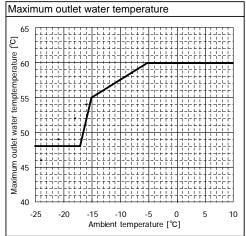
Power supply (Phase, Voltage, Frequency)		3 φ , 400V, 50Hz	
Nominal water flow rate (Heating mode) L/min		L/min	32.1
Heating	Capacity	kW	(Min. 3.40 ~) 11.20
(A7/W35)	COP		4.24
	Power input	kW	2.64
Heating	Capacity	kW	(Min. 3.40 ~) 11.20
(A2/W35)	COP	•	3.01
	Power input	kW	3.72
		kPa	6
Heating pump input (based on EN14511)		kW	0.01
Nominal water flow rate (Cooling mode)		L/min	28.7
Cooling	Capacity	kW	10.00
(A35/W7) EER (COP)		•	2.72
	Power input	kW	3.68
Cooling	Capacity	kW	10.00
(A35/W18) EER (COP)			4.07
	Power input	kW	2.46
Pressure difference (water circuit)		kPa	5
Cooling pump input (based on EN14511)		kW	0.01

Nominal operating condition						
Heating(A7/W35)						
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 7°C					
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 6°C					
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+30/+35°C					
Heating(A2/W35)						
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 2°C					
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 1°C					
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	−/+35°C					
Cooling(A35/W7)						
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+35°C					
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C					
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+12/+7°C					
Cooling(A35/W18)						
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+35°C					
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C					
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+23/+18°C					

Note: "COP" and "Power input" in the above table are values that contains the "pump input (based on EN 14511) ".

Outdoor unit specification	ns .				
Model name		PU	HZ-HW112YHA(-BS)		
Running current	Heating(A7/W35)	Α	4.0		
	Cooling(A35/W7)	Α	5.6		
Power factor	Heating(A7/W35)	%	95		
	Cooling(A35/W7)	%	95		
Max. current	•	Α	13.0		
Breaker size		Α	16		
Outer casing		•	Galvanized plate		
External finish			Munsell 3Y 7.8/1.1		
Refrigerant control			Linear expansion valve		
Compressor			Hermetic scroll		
•	Model		ANB33FJFMT		
	Motor output	kW	2.5		
	Start type	'	Inverter		
	Protection device	es	HP switch		
			LP switch		
			Discharge thermo		
	Oil (Model)	L	0.9 (FV50S)		
Crankcase heater	Jan (W	-		
Heat exchanger	Air		Plate fin coil		
. roat onomango	Water		Plate heat exchanger		
Fan	Fan(drive)×No.		Propeller fan x 2		
. uii	Fan motor output	kW	0.074 x 2		
	Air flow	m³/min	100		
	, now	(CFM)	(3,530)		
Defrost method		(01 101)	Reverse cycle *1		
Noise level (SPL)	Heating	dB	53 *2		
14013C ICVCI (OI L)	Cooling	dB	53 ^{*2}		
Dimensions	Width	mm (in.)	1020 (40-3/16)		
Difficitsions	Depth	mm (in.)	330 +30 ^{*3} (13+1-3/16)		
	Height	mm (in.)	1350 (53-1/8)		
Weight	I leight	kg (lbs)	148 (326)		
Refrigerant		I kg (lbb)	R410A		
. togo.a.it	Quantity	kg (lbs)	4.0 (8.8)		
Guaranteed operating	Heating	°C	-25 ~ +35		
range (Outdoor) Cooling		°C	-5 ^{*4} ∼ +46		
Outlet water temp.	ŭ ,		+60		
(Max in heating, Min in cooling		°C	+5		
Return water	Heating	°C	+5 ~ +59		
temperature range	Cooling	°C	+8 ~ +28		
Water flow rate range		L/min	14.4 ~ 32.1		





- *1 Hot gas with four-way valve
- *2 at distance of 1m from outdoor unit
- *3 grill
- *4 With the optional air outlet guide, the operation at -15°C outdoor temperature is possible.

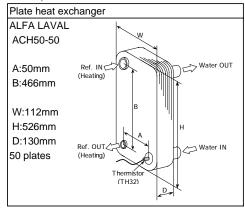
PUHZ-HW140VHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140YHA(-BS)

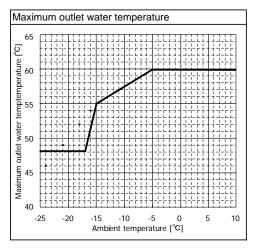
	` '		` '
Power supply	y (Phase, Voltage, Frequency)		1/3 φ , 230/400V, 50Hz
Nominal water	er flow rate (Heating mode)	L/min	40.1
Heating	Capacity	kW	(Min. 4.20 ~) 14.00
(A7/W35)	COP		4.19
	Power input	kW	3.34
Heating	Capacity	kW	(Min. 4.20 ~) 14.00
(A2/W35)	COP		2.69
	Power input	kW	5.21
Pressure diffe	erence (water circuit)	kPa	9
Heating pum	p input (based on EN14511)	kW	0.02
Nominal water	er flow rate (Cooling mode)	L/min	35.8
Cooling	Capacity	kW	12.50
(A35/W7)	EER (COP)	_	2.59
	Power input	kW	4.82
Cooling	Capacity	kW	12.50
(A35/W18) EER (COP)			4.01
	Power input	kW	3.12
Pressure diffe	erence (water circuit)	kPa	7
Cooling pum	p input (based on EN14511)	kW	0.02

Nominal operating condition						
Heating(A7/W35)						
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 7°C					
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 6°C					
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+30/+35°C					
Heating(A2/W35)	•					
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 2°C					
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 1°C					
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	−/+35°C					
Cooling(A35/W7)						
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+35°C					
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C					
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+12/+7°C					
Cooling(A35/W18)						
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+35°C					
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C					
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+23/+18°C					

Note: "COP" and "Power input" in the above table are values that contains the "pump input (based on EN 14511)".

		values triat	contains the "pump input (based		
Outdoor unit specifications	5				
Model name			HZ-HW140VHA(-BS) / IHZ-HW140YHA(-BS)		
Running current	Heating(A7/W35)	Α	14.9 / 5.1		
	Cooling(A35/W7)	Α	21.5 / 7.3		
Power factor	Heating(A7/W35)	%	97 / 95		
	Cooling(A35/W7)	%	97 / 95		
Max. current	,	Α	35.0 / 13.0		
Breaker size		Α	40 / 16		
Outer casing			Galvanized plate		
External finish			Munsell 3Y 7.8/1.1		
Refrigerant control			Linear expansion valve		
Compressor			Hermetic scroll		
	Model		ANB33FJGMT/ANB33FJFMT		
	Motor output	kW	2.5		
	Start type	1	Inverter		
	Protection device	es	HP switch		
			LP switch		
			Discharge thermo		
	Oil (Model)	L	0.9 (FV50S)		
Crankcase heater	[C.: (cuc.)	w	-		
Heat exchanger	Air		Plate fin coil		
. roat oxoriago.	Water		Plate heat exchanger		
Fan	Fan(drive)×No.		Propeller fan x 2		
	Fan motor output	kW	0.074 x 2		
	Air flow	m³/min	100		
		(CFM)	(3,530)		
Defrost method		/ /	Reverse cycle *1		
Noise level (SPL)	Heating	dB	53 *2		
. 10.00 10.10. (0, 2)	Cooling	dB	53 *2		
Dimensions	Width	mm (in.)	1020 (40-3/16)		
Dimendione	Depth	mm (in.)	330 +30 ^{*3} (13+1-3/16)		
	Height	mm (in.)	1350 (53-1/8)		
Weight	1 3	kg (lbs)	134 (296) / 148 (326)		
Refrigerant			R410A		
	Quantity	kg (lbs)	4.0 (8.8)		
Guaranteed operating	Heating	°C	-25 ~ +35		
range (Outdoor)	Cooling	ိင	-5 ^{*4} ~ +46		
Outlet water temp.	Heating	°C	+60		
(Max in heating, Min in cooling)	Cooling	℃	+5		
Return water	Heating	°C	+5 ~ +59		
Water flow rate range	Cooling	L/min	+8 ~ +28 17.9 ~ 40.1		
Water flow rate range		L/IIIII	17.9 ~ 40.1		

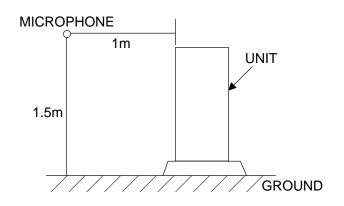




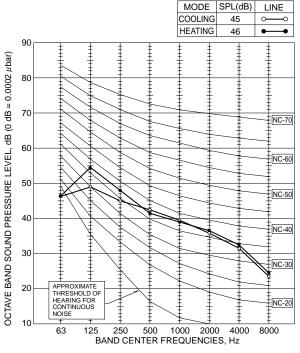
- *1 Hot gas with four-way valve
- *2 at distance of 1m from outdoor unit
- *3 grill
- *4 With the optional air outlet guide, the operation at -15°C outdoor temperature is possible.

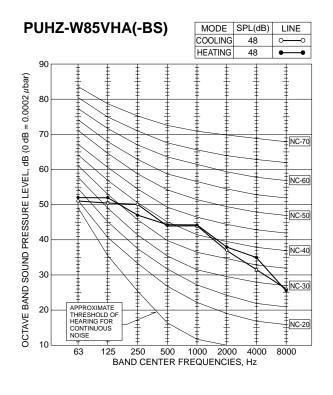
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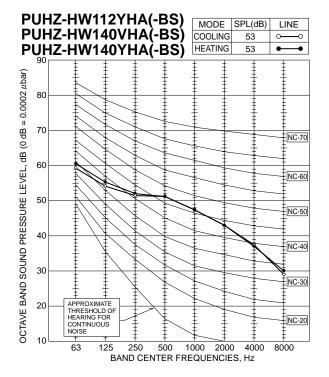
3-1. NOISE CRITERION CURVES



PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS)







3-2. STANDARD OPERATION DATA

Mode				Cooling (A35/W7)	Heating (A7/W35)	Cooling (A35/W7)	Heating (A7/W35)	Cooling (A35/W7)	Heating (A7/W35)	Cooling (A35/W7)	Heating (A7/W35)
Total	Capacity		W	4,500	5,000	7,500	9,000	10,000	11,200	12,500	14,000
<u> </u> 2	Input		kW	1.52	1.21	3.12	2.31	3.67	2.63	4.80	3.32
r <u>i</u> t	Outdoor unit			PUHZ-V	V50VHA	PUHZ-V	V85VHA	PUHZ-HW112YHA			V140VHA W140YHA
al circ	Phase, Hz			1,	50	1,	50	3,	50	1/3	3, 50
Electrical circuit	Voltage		V	2:	30	23	30	40	00	230 /	400
	Current		Α	6.8	5.4	13.7	10.3	5.6	4.0	21.5 / 7.3	14.9 / 5.1
	Discharge pressure		MPa	2.51	2.13	2.81	2.21	2.63	2.07	2.81	2.11
circuit	Suction pressure		MPa	0.83	0.68	0.73	0.64	0.78	0.69	0.78	0.66
erant (Discharge tempera	ature	°C	69	68	80	65	78	64	84	67
Refrigerant circuit	Condensing tempe	rature	°C	43	37	46	38	46	36	47	37
	Suction temperatu	re	°C	6	6	3	-1	9	5	11	3
ter	Flow volume		L/min	12.9	14.3	20.4	25.8	28.7	32.1	35.8	40.1
Water conditions	Outlet water temperature		°C	7	35	7	35	7	35	7	35
loor	Intake air	D.B.	°C	35	7	35	7	35	7	35	7
Outdoor conditions	temperature	W.B.	°C	24	6	24	6	24	6	24	6

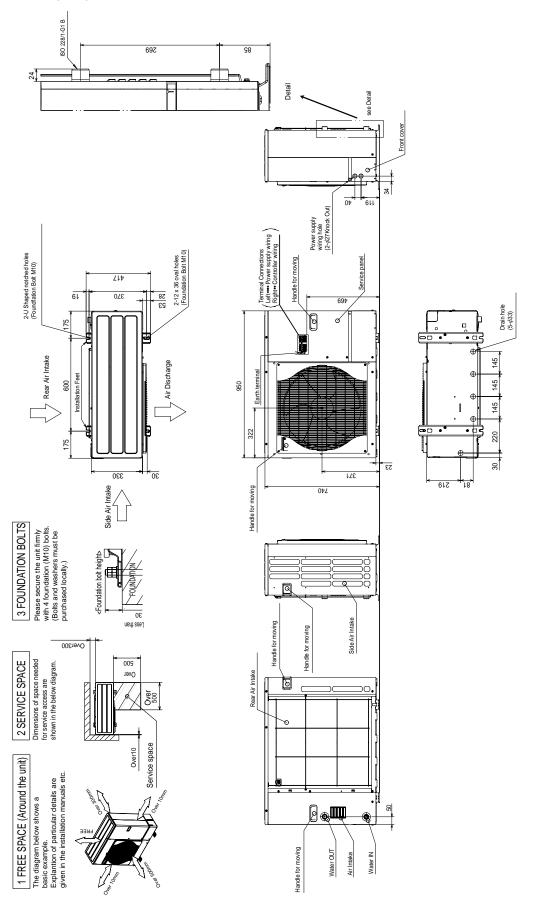
The unit of pressure has been changed to MPa based on international SI system. The conversion factor is: 1 (MPa) = $10.2 \text{ (kgf/cm}^2\text{)}$

4

OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS

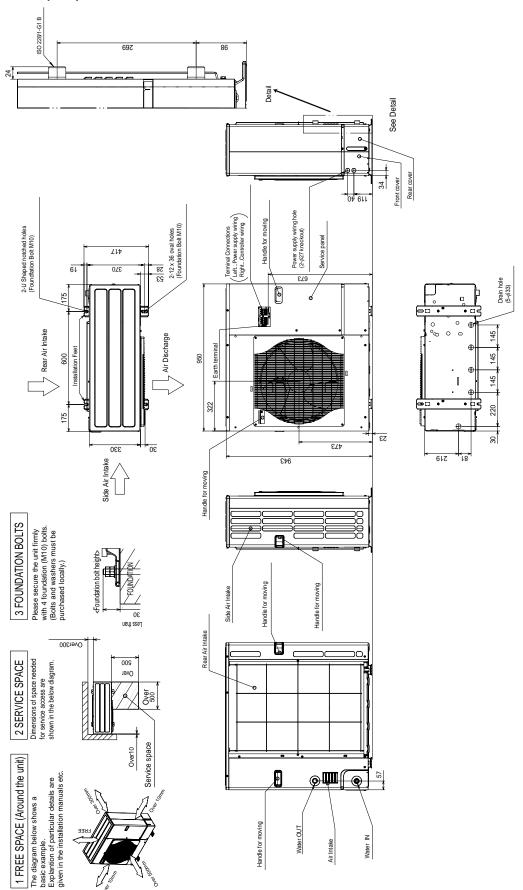
Unit: mm

PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS)



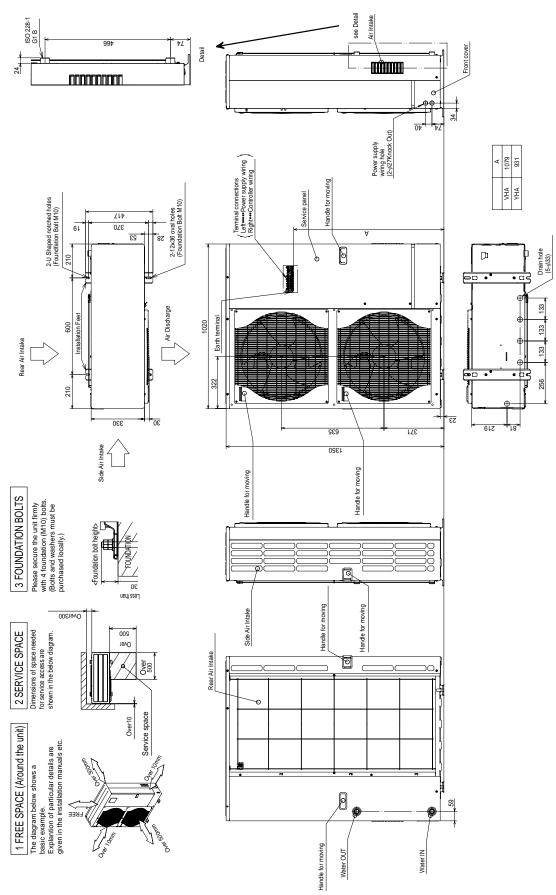
Unit: mm

PUHZ-W85VHA(-BS)



Unit: mm

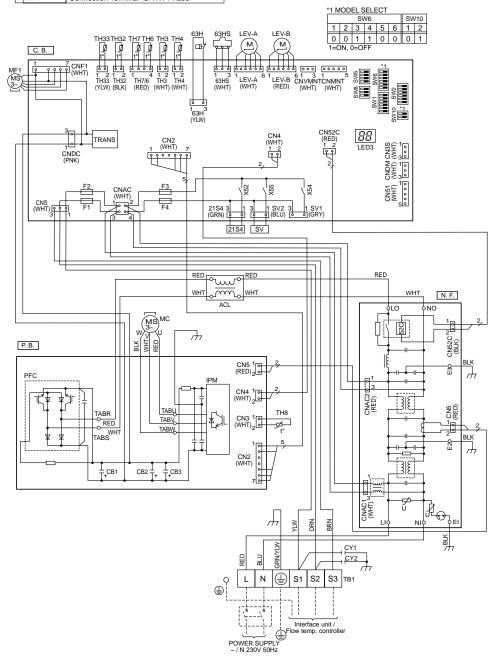
PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140VHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140YHA(-BS)



WIRING DIAGRAM

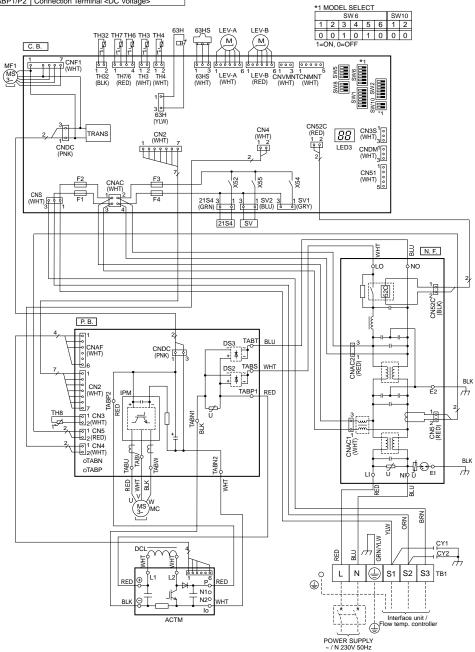
PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS)

SYMBOL	NAME	S	YMBOL	NAME
TB1	Terminal Block <power <="" supply,interface="" td="" unit=""><td>С</td><td>B1-3</td><td>Main Smocthing Capacitor</td></power>	С	B1-3	Main Smocthing Capacitor
	Flow temp. controller>	P	FC/IPM	Power Module
MC	Motor for Compressor	N.F		Noise Filter Circuit Board
MF1	Fan Motor	L	I,LO	Connection Terminal <l-phase></l-phase>
21S4	Solenoid Valve <four-way valve=""></four-way>	N	II,NO	Connection Terminal <n-phase></n-phase>
SV	Solenoid Valve <bypass valve=""></bypass>	E	I,E2,E3	Connection Terminal <ground></ground>
63H	High Pressure Switch	5	2C	52C Relay
63HS	High Pressure Sensor	C.B	3.	Controller Circuit Board
TH3	Thermistor <liquid></liquid>	s	SW1	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH4	Thermistor <discharge></discharge>	s	SW2	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH6	Thermistor <plate hex="" liquid=""></plate>	s	SW5	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH7	Thermistor <ambient></ambient>	s	SW6	Switch <model select=""></model>
TH8	Thermistor <heatsink></heatsink>	S	SW8	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH32	Thermistor <inlet water=""></inlet>	s	SW10	Switch <model select=""></model>
TH33	Thermistor <comp surface=""></comp>	S	SV1	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
LEV-A, LEV-B	Electronic Expansion Valve	C	CNDM	Connector
ACL	Reactor			<connection (contact="" for="" input)="" option=""></connection>
CY1,CY2	Capacitor	Ī	ED3	LED <operation indicators="" inspection=""></operation>
P.B.	Power Circuit Board	F	1~ F4	Fuse <t6.3al250v></t6.3al250v>
R/S	Connection Terminal <l n-phase=""></l>	Х	52,X54, X55	Relay
U/V/W	Connection Terminal <u v="" w-phase=""></u>			



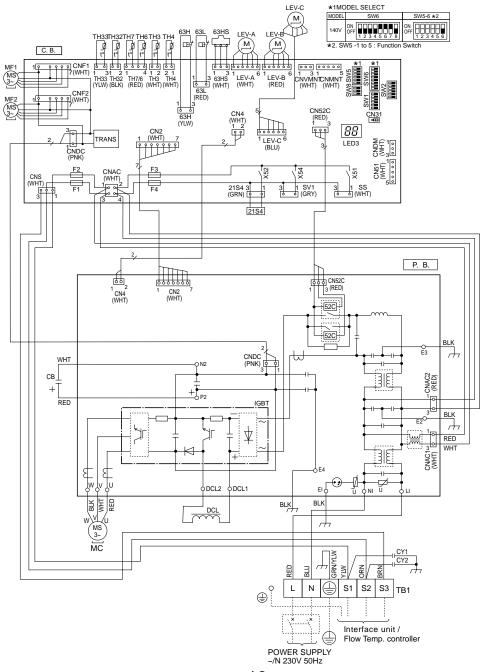
PUHZ-W85VHA(-BS)

SYMBOL	NAME		SYMBOL	NAME
TB1	Terminal Block < Power Supply, Interface unit /		TABN1/N2	Connection Terminal <dc voltage=""></dc>
	Flow temp. controller>		DS2, DS3	Diode bridge
MC	Motor for Compressor		IPM	Power Module
MF1	Fan Motor	Ν	N.F.	Noise Filter Circuit Board
21S4	Solenoid Valve <four-way valve=""></four-way>		LI,LO	Connection Terminal <l-phase></l-phase>
SV	Solenoid Valve <bypass valve=""></bypass>]	NI,NO	Connection Terminal <n-phase></n-phase>
63H	High Pressure Switch		EI,E2	Connection Terminal <ground></ground>
63HS	High Pressure Sensor		52C	52C Relay
TH3	Thermistor <liquid></liquid>	C	C.B.	Controller Circuit Board
TH4	Thermistor < Discharge>		SW1	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH6	Thermistor <plate hex="" liquid=""></plate>		SW2	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH7	Thermistor <ambient></ambient>		SW5	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH8	Thermistor <heatsink></heatsink>		SW6	Switch <model select=""></model>
TH32	Thermistor <inlet water=""></inlet>		SW8	Switch <function switch=""></function>
LEV-A, LEV-B	Electronic Expansion Valve		SW10	Switch <model select=""></model>
DCL	Reactor		SV1	Connector < Connection for Option>
ACTM	Active Filter Module		CNDM	Connector
CY1,CY2	Capacitor			<connection for="" input)="" option(contact=""></connection>
P.B.	Power Circuit Board		LED3	LED <operation indicators="" inspection=""></operation>
TABU/V/W	Connection Terminal <u v="" w-phase=""></u>		F1~ F4	Fuse <t6.3al250v></t6.3al250v>
TABS/T	Connection Terminal <l n-phase=""></l>		X52,X54, X55	Relay
TABP1/P2	Connection Terminal <dc voltage=""></dc>		-	*1 MODEL SELEC



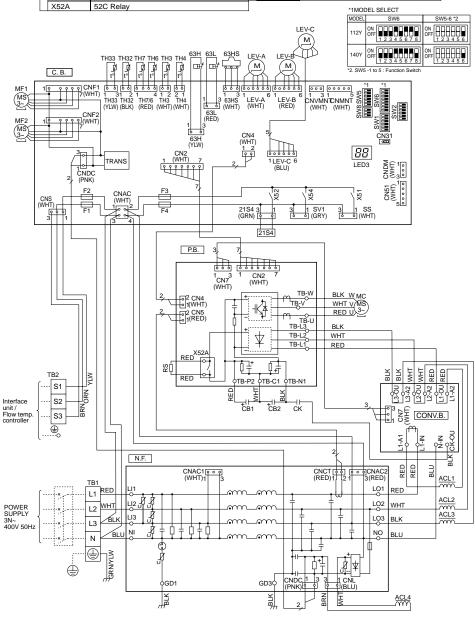
PUHZ-HW140VHA(-BS)

SYMBOL	NAME	P.B.		Power Circuit Board
TB1	Terminal Block <power <="" interface="" supply,="" td="" unit=""><td></td><td>U/V/W</td><td>Connection Terminal<u v="" w-phase=""></u></td></power>		U/V/W	Connection Terminal <u v="" w-phase=""></u>
	Flow Temp. controller-Outdoor>		LI	Connection Terminal <l-phase></l-phase>
MC	Motor for Compressor		NI	Connection Terminal <n-phase></n-phase>
MF1,MF2	Fan Motor		DCL1,DCL2	Connection Terminal <reactor></reactor>
21S4	Solenoid Valve <four-way valve=""></four-way>		IGBT	Power Module
63H	High Pressure Switch		EI,E2,E3,E4	Connection Terminal <ground></ground>
63L	Low Pressure Switch	C	C.B.	Controller Circuit Board
63HS	High Pressure Sensor		SW1	Switch <manual defect="" defrost,="" history<="" td=""></manual>
TH3	Thermistor <liquid></liquid>			Record Reset, Function Switch>
TH4	Thermistor <discharge></discharge>		SW2	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH6	Thermistor <plate hex="" liquid=""></plate>		SW5	Switch <function select="" switch,model=""></function>
TH7	Thermistor <ambient></ambient>		SW6	Switch <model select=""></model>
TH32	Thermistor <return water=""></return>		SW8	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH33	Thermistor <suction></suction>		CN31	Connector <emergency operation=""></emergency>
LEV-A, LEV-B, LEV-C	Electronic Expansion Valve		SS	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
DCL	Reactor		SV1	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
CB	Main Smoothing Capacitor		CNDM	Connector
CY1,CY2	Capacitor			<connection for="" input)="" option(contact=""></connection>
			LED3	LED <operation indicators="" inspection=""></operation>
			F1,F2,F3,F4	Fuse <t6.3al250v></t6.3al250v>
			X51,X52, X54	Relay



PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140YHA(-BS)

SYMBOL	NAME		SYMBOL	NAME
TB1	Terminal Block <power supply=""></power>	١	N.F.	Noise Filter Circuit Board
TB2	Terminal Block <interface flow="" td="" temp.<="" unit=""><td></td><td>LI1/LI2/LI3/NI</td><td>Connection Terminal<l1 l2="" l3="" n-power="" supply=""></l1></td></interface>		LI1/LI2/LI3/NI	Connection Terminal <l1 l2="" l3="" n-power="" supply=""></l1>
	controller-Outdoor>		LO1/LO2/LO3/NO	Connection Terminal <l1 l2="" l3="" n-power="" supply=""></l1>
MC	Motor for Compressor		GD1,GD3	Connection Terminal <ground></ground>
MF1,MF2	Fan Motor	C	CONV.B.	Converter Circuit Board
21S4	Solenoid Valve <four-way valve=""></four-way>		L1-A1/IN	Connection Terminal <l1-power supply=""></l1-power>
63H	High Pressure Switch		L1-A2/OU	Connection Terminal <l1-power supply=""></l1-power>
63L	Low Pressure Switch		L2-A2/OU	Connection Terminal <l2-power supply=""></l2-power>
63HS	High Pressure Sensor		L3-A2/OU	Connection Terminal <l3-power supply=""></l3-power>
TH3	Thermistor <liquid></liquid>		N-IN	Connection Terminal <n-power supply=""></n-power>
TH4	Thermistor <discharge></discharge>		CK-OU	Connection Terminal
TH6	H6 Thermistor <plate hex="" liquid=""></plate>		C.B.	Controller Circuit Board
TH7	Thermistor <ambient></ambient>		SW1	Switch <manual defect="" defrost,="" history<="" td=""></manual>
TH32	Thermistor <inlet water=""></inlet>			Record Reset, Function Switch>
TH33	Thermistor <suction></suction>		SW2	Switch <function switch=""></function>
LEV-A, LEV-B, LEV-C	Electronic Expansion Valve		SW5	Switch <function select="" switch,model=""></function>
ACL1/2/3/4	Reactor		SW6	Switch <model select=""></model>
RS	Rush Current Protect Resistor		SW8	Switch <function switch=""></function>
CB1,CB2	Main Smoothing Capacitor		CN31	Connector <emergency operation=""></emergency>
CK	Capacitor		SS	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
P.B.	Power Circuit Board		SV1	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
TB-U/V/W	B-U/V/W Connection Terminal <u v="" w-phase=""></u>		CNDM	Connector
TB-L1/L2/L3	Connection Terminal <l1 l2="" l3-power="" supply=""></l1>			<connection (contact="" for="" input)="" option=""></connection>
TB-P2	Connection Terminal		LED3	LED <operation indicators="" inspection=""></operation>
TB-C1	Connection Terminal		F1,F2,F3,F4	Fuse <t6.3al250v></t6.3al250v>
TB-N1	Connection Terminal		X51,X52, X54	Relay
VEOA	E2C Deley	1		



6

WIRING SPECIFICATIONS

FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING (power wiring specifications)

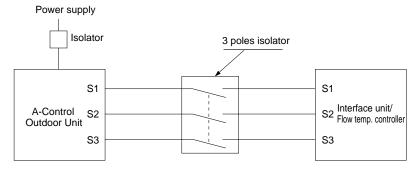
Outdoor	unit model		50 V	85 V	140 V	112 Y,140 Y
Outdoor	unit power supply		~/N (single), 50 Hz, 230 V	~/N (single), 50 Hz, 230 V	~/N (single), 50 Hz, 230 V	3N~ (3phase), 50 Hz, 400 V
Outdoor	unit Circuit Breaker capacity	*1	16 A	25 A	40 A	16 A
×Ω	Outdoor unit power supply, earth		3 × Min. 1.5	3 x Min. 4	3 × Min. 6	5 × Min. 1.5
n S E	unit Circuit Breaker capacity Outdoor unit power supply, earth Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-Outdoor unit	*2	3 x 1.5 (polar)			
Wir ire	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-Outdoor unit earth Remote controller-Interface unit/Flow temp. controller	*2	1 x Min. 1.5	1 × Min. 1.5	1 × Min. 1.5	1 x Min. 1.5
S : <u>S</u>	Remote controller-Interface unit/Flow temp. controller		2 x 0.3 (Non-polar)			
	Outdoor unit L-N (single) Outdoor unit L1-N, L2-N, L3-N (3phase)	*3	AC 230 V	AC 230 V	AC 230 V	AC 230 V
uit ra	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-Outdoor unit S1-S2	*3	AC 230 V	AC 230 V	AC 230 V	AC 230 V
Circu	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-Outdoor unit S2-S3	*3	DC 24 V	DC 24 V	DC 24 V	DC 24 V
Ö	Remote controller-Interface unit/Flow temp. controller	*3	DC 12 V	DC 12 V	DC 12 V	DC 12 V

^{*1.} A breaker with at least 3.0 mm contact separation in each poles shall be provided. Use earth leakage breaker (NV).

S3 terminal has DC 24 V against S2 terminal. However between S3 and S1, these terminals are NOT electrically insulated by the transformer or other device.

Notes: 1. Wiring size must comply with the applicable local and national codes.

- 2. Power supply cables and the cables between Controller and Outdoor unit shall not be lighter than polychloroprene sheathed flexible cables.
 - (Design 60245 IEC 57)
- 3. Be sure to connect the cables between Controller and Outdoor unit directly to the units (no intermediate connections are allowed).
 - Intermediate connections may result in communication errors. If water enters at the intermediate connection point, it may cause insufficient insulation to ground or a poor electrical contact.
 - (If an intermediate connection is necessary, be sure to take measures to prevent water from entering the cables.)
- 4. Install an earth longer than other cables.



⚠ Warning:

In case of A-control wiring,

there is high voltage potential on the S3 terminal caused by electrical circuit design that has no electrical insulation between power line and communication signal line. Therefore, please turn off the main power supply when servicing. And do not touch the S1, S2, S3 terminals when the power is energized. If isolator should be used between Interface unit/Flow temp. controller and outdoor unit, please use 3-pole type.

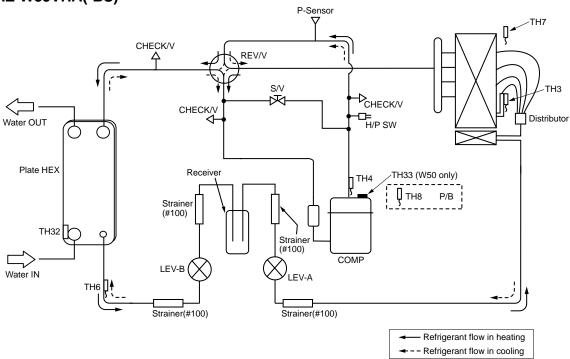
^{*2.}Max. 80 m

^{*3.} The gures are NOT always against the ground.

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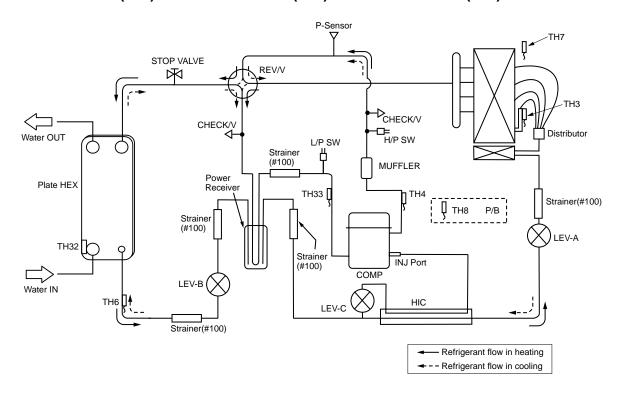
REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM

PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS) PUHZ-W85VHA(-BS)



Symbol	Part name	Detail
COMP	Compressor	DC inverter twin rotary compressor (Mitsubishi Electric Corporation)
H/P SW	High pressure switch (63H)	For protection (OFF:4.15MPa)
Plate HEX	Plate Heat Exchanger	ACH30 - 30 Plates (Alfa Laval):W50 / ACH30 - 40 Plates (Alfa Laval):W85
REV/V	Reversing (4-way) valve (21S4)	Change the refrigerant circuit (Heating / Cooling) and for Defrosting
S/V	Solenoid valve	For production test use
CHECK/V	Check valve	High pressure / Low pressure / For production test use
P-Sensor	Pressure sensor (63HS)	For calculation of the condensing temperature from high pressure
P/B	Power board	Inverter power board
LEV-A	Linear expansion valve -A	Heating:Secondary LEV Cooling:Primary LEV
LEV-B	Linear expansion valve -B	Heating:Primary LEV Cooling:Secondary LEV
TH32	Inlet water temperature thermistor	For freeze protection and for compressor frequency control
TH3	Liquid temperature thermistor	Heating:Evaporating temperature Cooling:Sub cool liquid temperature
TH4	Discharge temperature thermistor	For LEV control and for compressor protection
TH6	Plate HEX liquid temperature thermistor	Heating:Sub cool liquid temperature Cooling:Evaporating temperature
TH7	Ambient temperature thermistor	For fan control and for compressor frequency control
TH8	Heatsink temperature thermistor	For power board protection
TH33	Comp.shell temperature thermistor	For compressor protection
Receiver	Receiver	For accumulation of refrigerant

PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140VHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140YHA(-BS)



Symbol	Part name	Detail		
COMP	Compressor	DC inverter scroll compressor (Mitsubishi Electric Corporation)		
H/P SW	High pressure switch (63H)	For protection (OFF:4.15MPa)		
L/P SW	Low pressure switch (63L)	For protection (OFF:-0.03MPa)		
Plate HEX	Plate Heat Exchanger	ACH50 - 50 Plates (Alfa Laval)		
REV/V	Reversing (4-way) valve (21S4)	Change the refrigerant circuit (Heating / Cooling) and for Defrosting		
STOP VALVE	Stop valve	For production test use		
CHECK/V	Check valve	High pressure / Low pressure / For production test use		
P-Sensor	Pressure sensor (63HS)	For calculation of the condensing temperature from high pressure		
P/B	Power board	Inverter power board		
LEV-A	Linear expansion valve -A	Heating:Secondary LEV Cooling:Primary LEV		
LEV-B	Linear expansion valve -B	Heating:Primary LEV Cooling:Secondary LEV		
LEV-C	Linear expansion valve -C	For HIC (heating only)		
TH33	Suction temperature thermistor	For LEV control		
TH32	Inlet water temperature thermistor	For freeze protection and for compressor frequency control		
TH3	Liquid temperature thermistor	Heating:Evaporating temperature Cooling:Sub cool liquid temperature		
TH4	Discharge temperature thermistor	For LEV control and for compressor protection		
TH6	Plate HEX liquid temperature thermistor	Heating:Sub cool liquid temperature Cooling:Evaporating temperature		
TH7	Ambient temperature thermistor	For fan control and for compressor frequency control		
TH8	Heatsink temperature thermistor	For power board protection		
Power Receiver	Power Receiver	For accumulation of refrigerant		
HIC	Heat interchange circuit	For high heating capacity		

8

TROUBLESHOOTING

8-1. TROUBLESHOOTING

<Error code display by self-diagnosis and actions to be taken for service (summary)>

Present and past error codes are logged and displayed on the control board of outdoor unit. Actions to be taken for service, which depends on whether or not the trouble is reoccurring at service, are summarized in the table below. Check the contents below before investigating details.

Unit conditions at service	Error code	Actions to be taken for service (summary)
The trouble is recognizing	Displayed	Judge what is wrong and take a corrective action according to "8-3. Self-diagnosis action table".
The trouble is reoccurring.	Not displayed	Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble.
The trouble is not reoccurring.	Logged	 ①Consider the temporary defects such as the work of protection devices in the refrigerant circuit including compressor, poor connection of wiring, noise and etc. Re-check the symptom, and check the installation environment, refrigerant amount, weather when the trouble occurred, matters related to wiring and etc. ②Reset error code logs and restart the unit after finishing service. ③There is no abnormality in electrical component, controller board, and etc.
	Not logged	 ①Re-check the abnormal symptom. ②Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble. ③Continue to operate unit for the time being if the cause is not ascertained. ④There is no abnormality concerning of parts such as electrical component, controller board, and etc.

8-2. CHECK POINT UNDER TEST RUN

Before test run

- After installation of outdoor units, piping work and electric wiring work, re-check that there is no water leakage, loosened connections and incorrect polarity.
- Measure impedance between the ground and the power supply terminal block (L, N) on the outdoor unit by 500 V Megger and check that it is 1.0 MΩ or over.
- Turn on power supply 12 hours before test run in order to protect compressor.
- Make sure to read operation manual before test run. (Especially items to secure safety.)

8-3. SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE

<Abnormalities detected when the power is turned on>

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action
		No voltage is supplied to terminal block(TB1) of outdoor unit. a) Power supply breaker is turned off. b) Contact failure or disconnection of power supply terminal c) Open phase (L or N phase)	 ① Check following items. a) Power supply breaker b) Connection of power supply terminal block.(TB1) c) Connection of power supply terminal block.(TB1)
None	_	 Electric power is not charged to power supply terminal of outdoor power circuit board. a) Contact failure of power supply terminal b) Open phase on the outdoor power circuit board W50: Disconnection of connector R or S W85: Disconnection of connector TABT or TABS HW140V: Disconnection of connector LI, NI Electric power is not supplied to outdoor controller circuit board. a) Disconnection of connector (CNDC) 	
		Disconnection of reactor (DCL or ACL) Disconnection of outdoor noise filter circuit board or parts failure in outdoor noise filter circuit board	Otheck connection of reactor. (DCL or ACL) W50: Check connection of "LO" and "NO" on the outdoor noise filter circuit board. Check connection of "R" and "S" on the outdoor power circuit board. W85: Check connection of "L1" and "L2" on the active filter module.(ACTM) Refer to 8-6. HW140V: Check connection of "DCL1" and "DCL2" on the outdoor power circuit board. (a) Check connection of outdoor noise filter circuit board. Refer to 8-6. b) Replace outdoor noise filter circuit board. Refer to 8-6.
		Defective outdoor power circuit board	Replace outdoor power circuit board.
		Defective outdoor controller circuit board	 Replace controller board (When items above are checked but the units can not be repaired.)
F3	63L connector open Abnormal if 63L connector circuit is open for 3 minutes continuously from being switched on. 63L: Low-pressure switch	Disconnection or contact failure of 63L connector on outdoor controller circuit board Disconnection or contact failure of 63L 63L is working due to refrigerant leakage or defective parts.	Check connection of 63L connector on outdoor controller circuit board. Refer to 8-6. Check the 63L side of connecting wire. Check refrigerant pressure. Charge additional refrigerant. Check continuity of 63L. Replace low pressure switch if it is defective.
		Defective outdoor controller circuit board	Replace outdoor controller circuit board.

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action
F5	63H connector open Abnormal if 63H connector circuit is open for 3 minutes continuously from being switched on. 63H: High-pressure switch	Disconnection or contact failure of 63H connector on outdoor controller circuit board Disconnection or contact failure of 63H 63H is working due to defective parts. Defective outdoor controller circuit board	outdoor controller circuit board. Refer to 8-6. ② Check the 63H side of connecting wire.
F9	2 connector open Abnormal if both 63H and 63L connector circuits are open for 3 minutes continuously from being switched on. 63H: High-pressure switch 63L: Low-pressure switch	Disconnection or contact failure of connector (63H,63L) on outdoor controller circuit board. Disconnection or contact failure of 63H, 63L 63H and 63L are working due to defective parts. Defective outdoor controller board.	outdoor controller circuit board. Refer to 8-6.
EA	Miswiring of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire 1. Outdoor controller circuit board can automatically check the number of connected Interface unit/Flow temp. con- troller. Abnormal if the number cannot be checked automatically due to miswiring of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller- outdoor unit connecting wire and etc. after power is turned on for 4 minutes. 2. Abnormal if outdoor controller circuit board recognizes excessive number of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller.	Contact failure or miswiring of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller- outdoor unit connecting wire	 Check disconnection or looseness or polarity of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller and outdoor units. Check diameter and length of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire. Total wiring length: 80 m (Including wiring connecting each Interface unit/Flow temp. controller unit and between Interface unit/Flow temp. controller and outdoor unit) Also check if the connection order of flat cable is S1, S2, S3. Check the number of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller that is connected to 1 outdoor unit. (If EA is detected.) Turn the power off once, and on again to check. Replace outdoor controller circuit board or
Eb	Miswiring of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire (converse wiring or disconnection) Outdoor controller circuit board can automatically set the unit number of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller. Abnormal if the Interface unit/Flow temp. controller number cannot be set within 4 minutes after power on because of miswiring (converse wiring or disconnection) of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire.	Ocntact failure or miswiring of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire Diameter or length of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire is out of specified capacity. Defective transmitting receiving circuit of outdoor controller circuit board Defective transmitting receiving circuit of Interface/Flow temp. controller board Noise has entered into power supply or Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire.	Interface/Flow temp. controller board if abnormality occurs again. (a) Check transmission path, and remove the cause. ** The descriptions above, ①-(a), are for EA, Eb and EC.
EC	Start-up time over The unit cannot finish start-up process within 4 minutes after power on.	Contact failure of Interface unit /Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire Diameter or length of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire is out of specified capacity. Noise has entered into power supply or Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire.	

<Abnormalities detected while unit is operating>

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action
	High pressure (High-pressure switch 63H activated) Abnormal if high-pressure switch 63H is	Decreased water flow Clogged filter of water pipe Dirt of plate heat exchanger	①~⑤Check water circuit and repair the defect.
	activated (*) during compressor operation. * 4.15 MPa 63H: High-pressure switch	Locked water pump Malfunction of water pump Clogged or broken pipe Locked outdoor fan motor Malfunction of outdoor fan motor	® Check piping and repair the defect. ⑦~⑩ Check outdoor unit and repair the defect.
U1		 Short cycle of outdoor unit Dirt of outdoor heat exchanger Decreased airflow caused by defective inspection of outside temperature thermistor (It detects lower temperature than actual temperature.) 	Check the detected temperature of outside temperature thermistor on LED display. (SW2: Refer to 8-7.)
		 Disconnection or contact failure of connector (63H) on outdoor controller board Disconnection or contact failure of 63H connection Defective outdoor controller board 	®-WTurn the power off and check F5 is displayed when the power is turned on again. When F5 is displayed, refer to "Judgment and action" for F5.
		Defective operation of linear expansion valve	© Check linear expansion valve. Refer to 8-5.
		Malfunction of fan driving circuit	® Replace outdoor controller board.
U2	High discharging temperature Abnormal if discharge temperature thermistor (TH4) exceeds 125°C or 110°C continuously for 5 minutes. Abnormal if during defrosting discharge temperature thermistor (TH4) exceeds 110°C continuously for 30 minutes. High comp. surface temperature (W50 only) Abnormal if comp. surface temperature (TH33) exceeds 125°C. In the case of high comp. surface temperature error, compressor does not restart unless the thermistor (TH33) becomes less than 95°C.	 Overheated compressor operation caused by insufficient refrigerant Defective thermistor Defective outdoor controller board Defective operation of linear expansion valve In the case of the unit does not restart: Detection temp. of thermistor (TH33) ≥ 95°C 	Check intake super heat. Check leakage of refrigerant. Charge additional refrigerant. Turn the power off and check if U3 is displayed when the power is turned ON again. When U3 is displayed, refer to "Judgement and action" for U3. Check linear expansion valve. Refer to 8-5.
U3	Open/short circuit of discharge temperature thermistor (TH4)/comp. surface thermistor (TH33/W50 only) Abnormal if open (3°C or less) or short (217°C or more) is detected during compressor operation. (Open (3°C or less) detection is inoperative for 10 minutes of compressor starting process and for 10 minutes after or during defrosting.)	Disconnection or contact failure of connector (TH4/TH33) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Defective thermistor Defective outdoor controller circuit board	① Check connection of connector (TH4/TH32) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Check the lead wire for thermistor (TH4/TH32). Refer to 8-6. ② Check resistance value of thermistor (TH4/TH32) or temperature on LED display. (Thermistor/TH4/TH32: Refer to 8-5.) (SW2: Refer to 8-7.) ③ Replace outdoor controller board.

Error Code	Abnor	mal point and detection method	Case		Judgment and action		
U4	(TH3, TH32, TH33, TH6, TH7, and TH8) Abnormal if open or short is detected during compressor operation. Open detection of thermistors TH3, TH32 and TH6 is not detected for 10 seconds to 10 minutes after compressor starting and 10 minutes after and during defrosting. ** Check which unit has abnormality in its thermistor by switching the mode of SW2. (Refer to 8-7.) ** HW112, 140 Heatsink thermistor (TH8) is in the power		of connectors Outdoor controller circuit board: TH3, TH32, TH33, TH6/TH7 Outdoor power circuit board: CN3 ② Defective thermistor ③ Defective outdoor controller circuit board		 Check connection of connector (TH3, TH32, TH33, TH6/TH7) on the outdoor controller circu board. Check connection of connector (CN3) on the outdoor power circuit board. Check the lead wire for thermistor (TH3, TH32, TH33, TH6, TH7, TH8). Refer to 8-6. Check resistance value of thermistor (TH3, TH32, TH33, TH6, TH7, TH8) or check temperature on LED display. (Thermistor/TH3, TH32, TH33, TH6, TH7, TH8: Refer to 8-5.) (SW2: Refer to 8-7) Replace outdoor controller circuit board. 		
	module	Thermis	tors				
	Symbol	Name		Op	en detection	Short detection	
		Thermistor <liquid td="" temperature<=""><td></td><td>_ 4</td><td>10°C or below</td><td>90°C or above</td><td></td></liquid>		_ 4	10°C or below	90°C or above	
		Thermistor <inlet td="" temper<="" water=""><td></td><td></td><td>10°C or below</td><td></td><td></td></inlet>			10°C or below		
		Thermistor <suction pipe="" td="" temp<=""><td></td><td></td><td>10°C or below</td><td>90°C or above</td><td></td></suction>			10°C or below	90°C or above	
		Thermistor <plate hex="" liquid="" td="" to<=""><td><u> </u></td><td></td><td>10°C or below</td><td>90℃ or above</td><td></td></plate>	<u> </u>		10°C or below	90℃ or above	
		Thermistor < Ambient temperate			10°C or below	90°C or above	
		Thermistor <heatsink td="" temperature<=""><td>e> VV50,85</td><td></td><td>35°C or below</td><td>102°C or above</td><td></td></heatsink>	e> VV50,85		35°C or below	102°C or above	
	TH8 Internal thermistor HW112,140				35℃ or below	170°C or above	
U5	Temperature of heatsink Abnormal if heatsink thermistor (TH8) detects temperature indicated below. W50V		 ③ Air flow path is clogged. ④ Ambient temperature is high ⑤ Defective thermistor ⑥ Defective input circuit of 	② Failure of outdoor fan motor ③ Air flow path is clogged. ④ Ambient temperature is high. ⑤ Defective thermistor ⑥ Defective input circuit of outdoor power circuit board ⑦ Failure of outdoor fan drive circuit		 © Check air flow path for cooling. © Check if there is something which causes temperature rise around outdoor unit. (Upper limit of ambient temperature is 46°C Turn off power, and on again to check if Us is displayed within 30 minutes. If U4 is displayed instead of U5, refer to error code U4. © Check resistance value of thermistor (TH8) or temperature by microcomputer. (Thermistor/TH8: Refer to 8-5.) (SW2: Refer to 8-7) © Replace outdoor power circuit board. © Replace outdoor controller circuit board. 	
U6	Power module Check abnormality by driving power module in case overcurrent is detected. (UF or UP error condition)		board		Cuit ① Replace outdoor power circuit board. ② Check facility of power supply. ③ Correct the wiring (U·V·W phase) to compressor. Refer to 8-6 (Outdoor power circuit board). ④ Check compressor referring to 8-4.		e) to loor power
U7	tempera Abnorma continuou 3 minutes valve has	superheat due to low discharge ture I if discharge superheat is usly detected -15°C or less for seven though linear expansion siminimum open pulse after computants operating for 10 minutes.	connection of discharge temperature thermistor (TH4) ② Defective holder of discharge temperature thermistor		stion 3 Check the coil of linear expansion valve. Refer to 8-5. 4 Check the connection or contact of LEV-A and LEV-B on outdoor controller circuit board. 5 Check linear expansion valve.		on valve.

rror Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action
U8	Outdoor fan motor Abnormal if rotational frequency of the fan motor is not detected during DC fan motor operation. Fan motor rotational frequency is abnormal if; • 100 rpm or below detected continuously for 15 seconds at 20°C or more outside air temperature • 50 rpm or below or 1500 rpm or more detected continuously for 1 minute.	Failure in the operation of the DC fan motor Failure in the outdoor circuit controller board	 ① Check or replace the DC fan motor. ② Check the voltage of the outdoor circuit controller board during operation. ③ Replace the outdoor circuit controller board. (when the failure is still indicated even after performing the remedy ① above.)
U9	Overvoltage or voltage shortage and synchronous signal to main circuit Abnormal if any of followings are detected during compressor operation; • Decrease of DC bus voltage to 310V (50-140V only) • Instantaneous decrease of DC bus voltage 50-140V: 200V 112,140Y: 350V • Increase of DC bus voltage to 50V: 420V 85-140V: 400V 112,140Y: 760V • Decrease of input current of outdoor unit to 0.1A only if operation frequency is more than or equal to 40Hz or compressor current is more than or equal to 6A. * Check U9 error detail (SW2 all ON) Refer to 8-7.	Decrease of power supply voltage Disconnection of compressor wiring Defective power circuit board Disconnection or loose connection of CN52C (50-140V) Defective PFC module of outdoor power board (50V) Defective ACT module (85V) Defective ACT module drive circuit of outdoor power circuit board (85V) Disconnection or loose connection of CNAF (85V) Defective outdoor converter circuit board (112, 140Y) Defective 52C drive circuit of outdoor controller circuit board (50-140V) Disconnection or loose connection of CN5 on the outdoor power circuit board (50, 85V) Defective 52C drive circuit of outdoor power circuit board (112, 140Y) Disconnection or loose connection of CN5 on the outdoor power circuit board (112, 140Y) Disconnection or loose connection of CN2 on the outdoor power circuit board	 Check the facility of power supply. Correct the wiring (U-V-W phase) to compressor. Refer to 8-6 (Outdoor power circuit board). Replace power circuit board. Check CN52C wiring. Replace outdoor power circuit board. (50V) Replace ACT module. (85V) Replace outdoor power circuit board. (85V) Replace outdoor converter circuit board. (112, 140Y) Replace outdoor controller circuit board. (50-140V) Check CN5 wiring on the outdoor power circuit board. (50, 85V) Refer to 8-6. Replace outdoor power circuit board. (112, 140Y) Check CN5 wiring on the outdoor power circuit board. (50, 85V) Refer to 8-6. Replace outdoor power circuit board. (112, 140Y) Check CN2 wiring on the outdoor power circuit board. Refer to 8-6.
Ud	Overheat protection Abnormal if outdoor pipe thermistor (TH3) detects 70°C or more or condensing temperature of pressure sensor (63HS) detects 70°C or more during compressor operation.	Defective outdoor fan (fan motor) or short cycle of outdoor unit during cooling operation Defective outdoor pipe thermistor (TH3) Defective outdoor controller board Defective pressure sensor	Check outdoor unit air passage. Turn the power off and on again to check the error code. If U4 is displayed, follow the U4 processing direction. Check pressure by microcomputer. (Pressure sensor/ 63HS) (SW2: Refer to 8-7.)
UF	Compressor overcurrent interruption (When compressor locked) Abnormal if overcurrent of DC bus or compressor is detected within 30 seconds after compressor starts operating.	Decrease of power supply voltage Looseness, disconnection or converse of compressor wiring connection Defective compressor Defective outdoor power board Decreased water flow Clogged filter of water pipe Clogged plate heat exchanger Locked water pump	Check facility of power supply. Correct the wiring (U•V•W phase) to compressor. Refer to 8-6 (Outdoor power circuit board). Check compressor. Refer to 8-4. Replace outdoor power circuit board. -

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action
UH	Current sensor error or input current error -Abnormal if current sensor detects –1.0 A to 1.0 A during compressor operation. (This error is ignored during test run.) -Abnormal if 40 A of input current is detected or 37 A or more of input current is detected for 10 seconds continuously. (HW140V only)	Disconnection of compressor wiring Defective circuit of current sensor on outdoor power circuit board Decrease of power supply voltage	Correct the wiring (U-V-W phase) to compressor. Refer to 8-6 (Outdoor power circuit board). Replace outdoor power circuit board. Check the facility of power supply.
UL	Low pressure (63L worked) Abnormal if 63L is worked (under -0.03 MPa) during compressor operation. 63L: Low-pressure switch	Stop valve of outdoor unit is closed during operation. Disconnection or loose connection of connector (63L) on outdoor controller board Disconnection or loose connection of 63L Defective outdoor controller board Leakage or shortage of refrigerant Malfunction of linear expansion valve	 Check stop valve. 4 Turn the power off and on again to check if F3 is displayed on restarting. If F3 is displayed, follow the F3 processing direction. Correct to proper amount of refrigerant. Check linear expansion valve. Refer to 8-5.
UP	Compressor overcurrent interruption Abnormal if overcurrent DC bus or compressor is detected after compressor starts operating for 30 seconds.	Decrease of power supply voltage Looseness, disconnection or converse of compressor wiring connection Defective fan of outdoor units Short cycle of indoor/outdoor units Defective input circuit of outdoor controller board Defective compressor Decreased water flow Clogged filter of water pipe Clogged plate heat exchanger Locked water pump Malfunction of water pump	 Check facility of power supply. Correct the wiring (U-V-W phase) to compressor. Refer to 8-6 (Outdoor power circuit board). Check outdoor fan. Solve short cycle. Replace outdoor controller circuit board. Check compressor. Refer to 8-4. Before the replacement of the outdoor controller circuit board, disconnect the wiring to compressor from the outdoor power circuit board and check the output voltage among phases, U, V, W, during test run. No defect on board if voltage among phases (U-V, V-W and W-U) is same. Make sure to perform the voltage check with same performing frequency Check water circuit and repair the defect.
E0 or E4	Remote controller transmission error (E0)/signal receiving error (E4) ① Abnormal if main or sub remote controller cannot receive any transmission normally from Interface unit/Flow temp. controller of refrigerant address "0" for 3 minutes. ② Abnormal if sub-remote controller could not receive any signal for 2 minutes. ③ (Error code: E0) ③ Abnormal if Interface/Flow temp. controller board can not receive any data normally from remote controller board or from other Interface/Flow temp. controller board for 3 minutes. (Error code: E4) ② Interface/Flow temp. controller board cannot receive any signal from remote controller for 2 minutes. (Error code: E4)	Contact failure at transmission wire of remote controller All remote controllers are set as "sub" remote controller. In this case, E0 is displayed on remote controller, and E4 is displayed at LED (LED1, LED2) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Miswiring of remote controller Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller Noise has entered into the transmission wire of remote controller.	① Check disconnection or looseness of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller unit or transmission wire of remote controller. ② Set one of the remote controllers "main", If there is no problem with the action above. ③ Check wiring of remote controller. • Total wiring length: max. 500 m (Do not use cablex 3 or more.) • The number of connecting remote controller: max. 2 units When it is not the above-mentioned problem of ①~③ ④ Diagnose remote controllers. a) When "RC OK" is displayed, remote controllers have no problem. Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality generates again, replace Interface/Flow temp. controller board. b) When "RC NG" is displayed, replace remote controller. c) When "RC E3" or "ERC 00-66" is displayed, noise may be causing abnormality.
E1 or E2	Remote controller control board ① Abnormal if data cannot be read normally from the nonvolatile memory of the remote controller control board. (Error code: E1) ② Abnormal if the clock function of remote controller cannot be operated normally. (Error code: E2)	① Defective remote controller	Replace remote controller.

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action
E3 or E5	Remote controller transmission error (E3)/signal receiving error (E5) ① Abnormal if remote controller could not find blank of transmission path for 6 seconds and could not transmit. (Error code: E3) ② When remote controller receives the transmitted data same time and compares these data. Abnormal if the data is judged to be different for 30 continuous times. (Error code: E3) ① Abnormal if Interface/Flow temp. controller board could not find blank of transmission path. (Error code: E5) ② When Interface/Flow temp. controller receives the transmitted data same time and compares these data. Abnormal if the data is judged to be different for 30 continuous times. (Error code: E5)	2 remote controllers are set as "main." (In case of 2 remote controllers) Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller Defective transmitting receiving circuit of Interface/Flow temp. controller board Noise has entered into transmission wire of remote controller.	Set a remote controller to main, and the other to sub. When "RC OK" is displayed, remote controllers have no problem. Turn the power off, and on again to check. When becoming abnormal again, replace indoor controller board. When "RC NG" is displayed, replace remote controller. When "RC E3" or "ERC 00-66" is displayed, noise may be causing abnormality.
E6	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-out-door unit communication error (Signal receiving error) ① Abnormal if Interface/Flow temp. controller board cannot receive any signal normally for 6 minutes after turning the power on. ② Abnormal if Interface/Flow temp. controller board cannot receive any signal normally for 3 minutes.	Contact failure, short circuit or, miswiring (converse wiring) of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire Defective transmitting receiving circuit of Interface/Flow temp. controller board Defective transmitting receiving circuit of Interface/Flow temp. controller board Noise has entered into Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire.	* Check LED display on the outdoor control circuit board. (Connect A-control service tool, PAC-SK52ST.) ① Check disconnection or looseness of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit. ②~④ Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality generates again, replace Interface/Flow temp. controller board or outdoor controller circuit board.
E8	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-out-door unit communication error (Signal receiving error) (Outdoor unit) (1) Abnormal if outdoor controller circuit board could not receive anything normally for 3 minutes.	Contact failure of Interface unit/ Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire Defective communication circuit of outdoor controller circuit board Defective communication circuit of Interface/Flow temp. controller board Noise has entered into Interface unit/ Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire.	Check disconnection or looseness of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit. Turn the power off, and on again to check. Replace Interface/Flow temp. controller board or outdoor controller circuit board if abnormality is displayed again.
E9	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller- outdoor unit communication error (Transmitting error) (Outdoor unit) (1) Abnormal if "0" receiving is detected 30 times continuously though outdoor con- troller circuit board has transmitted "1". (2) Abnormal if outdoor controller circuit board could not find blank of transmission path for 3 minutes.	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire has contact failure. Defective communication circuit of outdoor controller circuit board Noise has entered power supply. Noise has entered Interface unit/Flow temp. controlleroutdoor unit connecting wire.	Check disconnection or looseness of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire. W-4 Turn the power off, and on again to check. Replace outdoor controller circuit board if abnormality is displayed again.
EF	Non defined error code This code is displayed when non defined error code is received.	Noise has entered transmission wire of remote controller. Noise has entered Interface unit/Flow temp. controlleroutdoor unit connecting wire.	①② Turn the power off, and on again to check. Replace Interface/Flow temp. controller board or outdoor controller circuit board if abnormality is displayed again.
Ed	Serial communication error Abnormal if serial communication between outdoor controller circuit board and outdoor power circuit board is defective.	Wire disconnection or contact failure of connector CN2 between the outdoor controller circuit board and the outdoor power circuit board Wire disconnection or contact failure of connector CN4 between the outdoor controller circuit board and the outdoor power circuit board Defective communication circuit of outdoor power circuit board Defective communication circuit of outdoor controller circuit board for outdoor power circuit board	Check connection of each connector CN2 and CN4 between the outdoor controller circuit board and the outdoor power circuit board. Replace outdoor power circuit board. Replace outdoor controller circuit board.

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action
	Freezing/overheating protection is working	9	<cooling mode=""></cooling>
	(1) Freezing protection <cooling mode=""> Abnormal if plate heat exchanger pipe temperature (TH6) stays at -5°C or lower for 10 seconds or abnormal if plate heat exchanger pipe thermistor (TH6) stays at</cooling>		①② Check water piping.
	-2°C or lower and compressor operation frequency is minimum for 5 minutes after compressor starts operating for 6	· Inlet water is too cold. ③ Defective water pump	③ Check water pump.
	minutes. (2) Overheating protection <heating mode=""> Abnormal if condensing temperature of pressure sensor (63HS) detects Tcond. °C or more and compressor oper-</heating>	Defective outdoor fan control Overcharge of refrigerant Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs) Malfunction of linear expansion valve	Check outdoor fan motor. Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit. Check linear expansion valve.
P6	ation frequency is less than or equal to 30 Hz. Detection is inoperative during defrosting.	<heating mode=""> ① Reduced water flow</heating>	<heating mode=""> ①② Check water piping.</heating>
		Inlet water is too warm. Defective water pump	③ Check water pump.
		Overcharge of refrigerant Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs)	(4) Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit.
	-	Malfunction of linear expansion valve stage	stage-a
	Tcond	stage-c stage-c	(G-D)
		stage-d	-3 -2 [W50,85] -3 -2 [HW112,140]
	Model stage-a	2 -11	
	Tcond W50,85 63 HW112,140 63	61 59 57 54 51 62 61 60 59 57	51
	Pipe temperature Abnormal if the following conditions are detected for continuously 3 minutes after	① Leakage or shortage of refrigerant	① Check intake superheat. Check leakage of refrigerant.
	compressor starts operating for 10 minutes. 1. Cooling mode	Malfunction of linear expansion valve	② Check linear expansion valve.
	T63H5-TH7 ≦ 2°C and TH3-TH7 ≦ 4°C or T63H5-TH3 < 0°C and TH32-TH6 ≦ 0°C and	③ Refrigerant circuit is clogged with foreign objects.	After recovering refrigerant, remove water from entire refrigerant circuit under vacuum more than 1 hour.
P8	Compressor operation frequency is 61Hz or more. 2. Heating mode T63HS-TH32 ≦ 2°C and TH6-TH32 ≦ 1°C and	* Clogging occurs in the parts which become below freezing point when water enters in refrigerant circuit.	
	TH7-TH3 ≦ 1°C and Compressor operation frequency is 61Hz or more.	Disconnection of thermistor holder.	Check temperature display on outdoor controller circuit board. Temperature display is indicated by setting
	T _{63HS} : Condensing temperature of pressure sensor (63HS) Thermistor		SW2 of outdoor controller circuit board. Check the holder of thermistor.
	TH3: Liquid temperature TH32: Inlet water temperature TH6: Plate HEX Liquid temperature TH7: Ambient temperature		
UE	Abnormal pressure of pressure sensor (63HS) Abnormal if pressure sensor (63HS) detects 0.1 MPa or less. Detection is inoperative for 3 minutes after	Disconnection or contact failure of connector (63HS) on the outdoor controller circuit board Defective pressure sensor	Check connection of connector (63HS) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Check breaking of the lead wire for thermistor (63HS) Check pressure by microcomputer. (Pressure sensor/ 63HS)
	compressor starting and 3 minutes after and during defrosting.	Defective outdoor controller circuit board	(SW2: Refer to 8-7.) ③ Replace outdoor controller board.

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action
PE	Inlet water temperature Abnormal if the following conditions are detected for continuously 10 seconds. 1. Cooling mode During compressor operation TH32 < 3°C 2. Heating mode (exclude defrosting) During compressor operation TH32 < -10°C 3. Defrosting mode During compressor operation TH32 < 0°C Thermistor TH32: Inlet water temperature	Reduced water flow Clogged filter Leak of water Low temperature Low-load Low temperature inlet water Defective water pump Leakage or shortage of refrigerant	①② Check water piping. ③ Check water pump. ④ Check intake superheat. Check leakage of refrigerant.

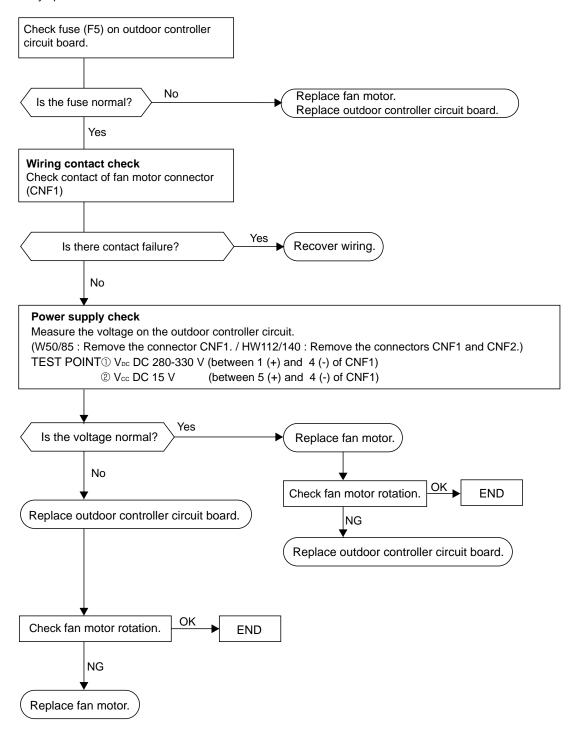
8-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS) PUHZ-W85VHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140V/YHA(-BS)

PUHZ-HW1	40V/YHA(-BS)		•			•		
Parts name	Check points							
TH3: Liquid pipe temperature TH4: Discharge	Disconnect the cor (At the ambient ter				e with a teste	er.		
temperature		Normal		Abn	ormal			
TH6: Plate Hex liquid pipe temperature	TH4/TH33(W50)	160kΩ~410kΩ						
TH7: Ambient temperature TH8: Heatsink temperature	TH3 TH6 TH7 TH33(HW112,140)	4.3kΩ~9.6kΩ		Open	Open or short			
TH32: Inlet water temperature	TH32	4.4kΩ~9.8kΩ						
TH33:	TH8	39kΩ~105kΩ						
Comp. surface thermistor (W50), Suction pipe temperature (HW112,140)								
Fan motor (MF1)	Refer to the next p	age.						
Solenoid valve coil <four-way valve=""></four-way>	Measure the resistance between the terminals with a tester. (At the ambient temperature of 20°C)							
(21S4)	Normal		Abnormal					
	W50,85	HW112,14	0	Open or short				
	2350±170Ω	1435±150	Ω					
Compressor (MC) U	Measure the resistance between the terminals with a tester. (Winding temperature 20°C)							
()		Nori	mal			Ak	onormal]
	W50	W85	H'	W140V	HW112,14	0Y _		-
w W	0.640Ω	0.865Ω~0.895Ω	C).188Ω	0.302Ω	Ope	n or short	
Linear expansion valve (LEV-A) (LEV-B)(LEV-C)	Disconnect the co (Winding tempera		sure t	he resistan	ce with a test	er.		-
M g Gray		Ņ	lorma	ıl			A	bnormal
Orange 3	Gray - Black	Gray - Red		Gray - Yello	w Gray	Orange	inge	
Red 4 Yellow 5 Black 6	46±3Ω				Оре	en or short		
Solenoid valve coil <bypass valve=""></bypass>	Measure the resist (At the ambient ter			nals with a	tester.			
(SV) W50,85	1	Normal		Abn	ormal			
	14	1450±150Ω Open or short						
	L			20				

Check method of DC fan motor (fan motor / outdoor controller circuit board)

- ① Notes
 - \cdot High voltage is applied to the connector (CNF1, 2) for the fan motor. Give attention to the service.
 - Do not pull out the connector (CNF1, 2) of the motor with the power supply on. (It may damage the outdoor controller circuit board and fan motor.)
- Self check

Symptom: The outdoor fan does not run.



8-5. HOW TO CHECK THE COMPONENTS

<Thermistor feature chart>

Low temperature thermistors

- Thermistor <Liquid pipe> (TH3)
- Thermistor <Plate Hex liquid pipe> (TH6)
- Thermistor < Ambient> (TH7)
- Thermistor <Suction pipe> (TH33 for HW112,140)

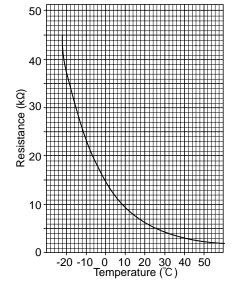
Thermistor R0 = $15k\Omega \pm 3\%$ B constant = $3480 \pm 2\%$

Rt =15exp{3480($\frac{1}{273+t}$ - $\frac{1}{273}$)}

		. 21011	210
0℃	15k Ω	30℃	4.3 k Ω
10℃	$\mathbf{9.6k}\Omega$	40°C	3.0 k Ω

20℃ $6.3k\Omega$

25℃ $5.2k\Omega$



Medium temperature thermistor

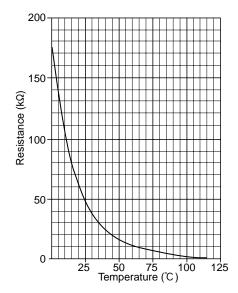
• Thermistor <Heatsink> (TH8)

Thermistor R50 = $17k\Omega \pm 2\%$

B constant = $4150 \pm 3\%$

Rt = 17exp{4150(
$$\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{323}$$
)}

0℃	180k $Ω$
25℃	50k $Ω$
50℃	17k $Ω$
70°C	8 k Ω
90℃	$4k\Omega$



High temperature thermistor

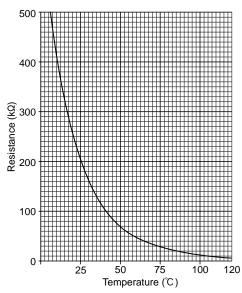
- Thermistor < Discharge pipe> (TH4)
- Thermistor <Comp. surface> (TH33 for W50)

Thermistor R120 = 7.465k Ω ± 2% B constant = $4057 \pm 2\%$

Rt =7.465exp{4057($\frac{1}{273+t}$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{Rt} = & 7.465 \text{exp} \{ 4057 (\frac{1}{273 + t} - \frac{1}{393}) \} \\ & 20^{\circ}\text{C} & 250 \text{k}\Omega & 70^{\circ}\text{C} & 34 \text{k}\Omega \\ & 30^{\circ}\text{C} & 160 \text{k}\Omega & 80^{\circ}\text{C} & 24 \text{k}\Omega \\ & 40^{\circ}\text{C} & 104 \text{k}\Omega & 90^{\circ}\text{C} & 17.5 \text{k}\Omega \end{array}$$

50°C 100℃ 70kΩ13.0k Ω 60°C 48kΩ110℃ $9.8k\Omega$



Low temperature thermistor

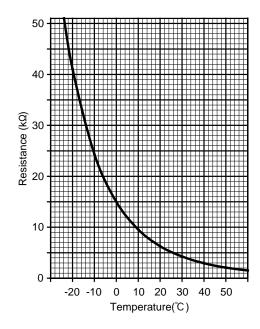
• Thermistor <Inlet water> (TH32)

Thermistor R0 = $15k\Omega \pm 2.5\%$ B constant = $3450 \pm 2\%$

Rt =15exp{3450(
$$\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{273}$$
)}

0℃	15k Ω	30℃	4.3 k Ω
10℃	$\mathbf{9.6k}\Omega$	40°C	3.0 k Ω

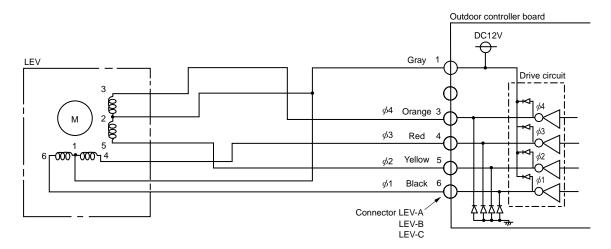
 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{20}^{\circ}\textbf{C} & \textbf{6.3}\textbf{k}\Omega \\ \textbf{25}^{\circ}\textbf{C} & \textbf{5.2}\textbf{k}\Omega \end{array}$



Linear expansion valve

(1) Operation summary of the linear expansion valve

- Linear expansion valve opens/closes through stepping motor after receiving the pulse signal from the outdoor controller board.
- Valve position can be changed in proportion to the number of pulse signal.
- <Connection between the outdoor controller board and the linear expansion valve>



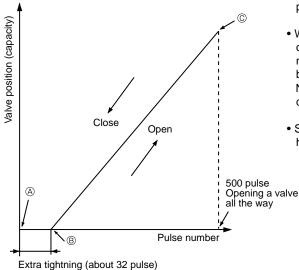
<Output pulse signal and the valve operation>

		_					-	
Output (Phase)	Output							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
ø1	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
φ2	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
ø3	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
φ 4	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON

Opening a valve : $8 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 8$ Closing a valve : $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow 1$ The output pulse shifts in above order.

 When linear expansion valve operation stops, all output phase become OFF.

(2) Linear expansion valve operation



- When the switch is turned on, 700 pulse closing valve signal will be sent till it goes to ③ point in order to define the valve position. (The pulse signal is being sent for about 20 seconds.)

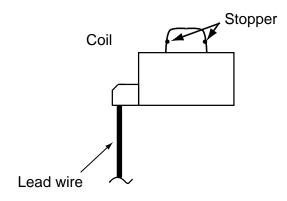
No sound is heard when the pulse number moves from 8 to 8 in case coil is burnt out or motor is locked by open-phase.

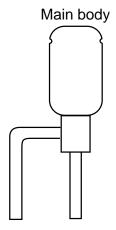
• Sound can be detected by placing the ear against the screw driver handle while putting the screw driver to the linear expansion valve.

(3) How to attach and detach the coil of linear expansion valve

<Composition>

Linear expansion valve is separable into the main body and the coil as shown in the diagram below.

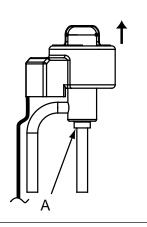




<How to detach the coil>

Hold the lower part of the main body (shown as A) firmly so that the main body does not move and detach the coil by pulling it upward.

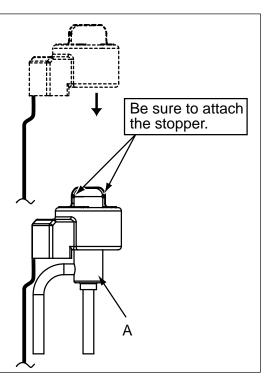
Be sure to detach the coil holding main body firmly. Otherwise pipes can bend due to pressure.



<How to attach the coil>

Hold the lower part of the main body (shown as A) firmly so that the main body does not move and attach the coil by inserting it downward into the main body. Then securely attach the coil stopper to main body. (At this time, be careful that stress is not added to lead wire and main body is not wounded by lead wire.) If the stopper is not firmly attached to main body, coil may be detached from the main body and that can cause defective operation of linear expansion valve.

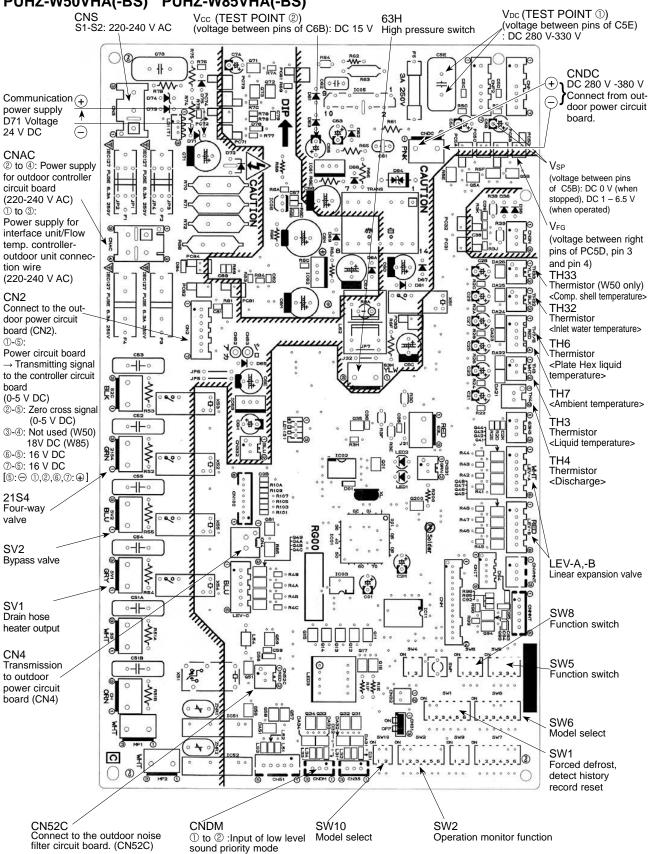
To prevent piping stress, be sure to attach the coil holding the main body of linear expansion valve firmly. Otherwise pipe may break.



8-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM

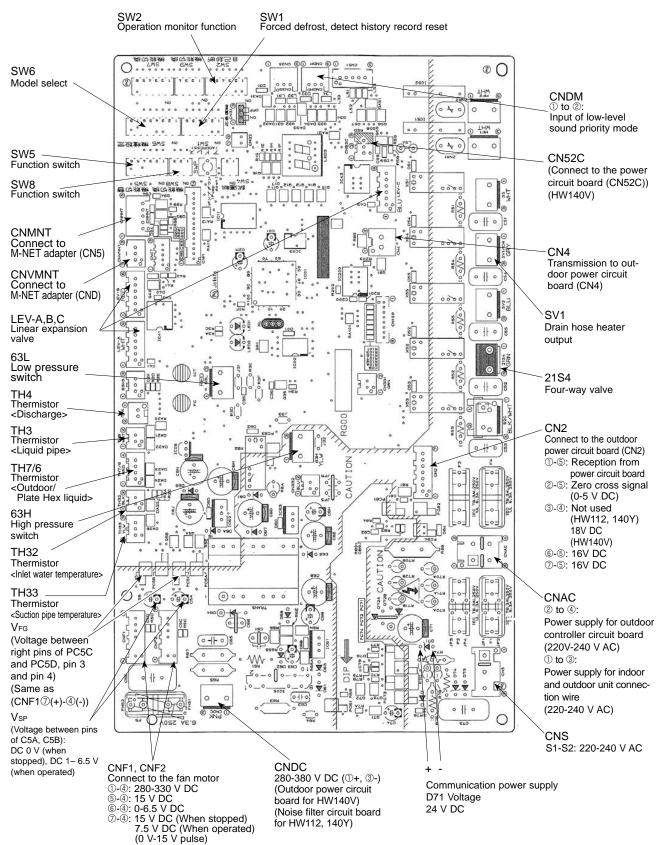
<CAUTION> TEST POINT ① is high voltage.

Outdoor controller circuit board PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS) PUHZ-W85VHA(-BS)

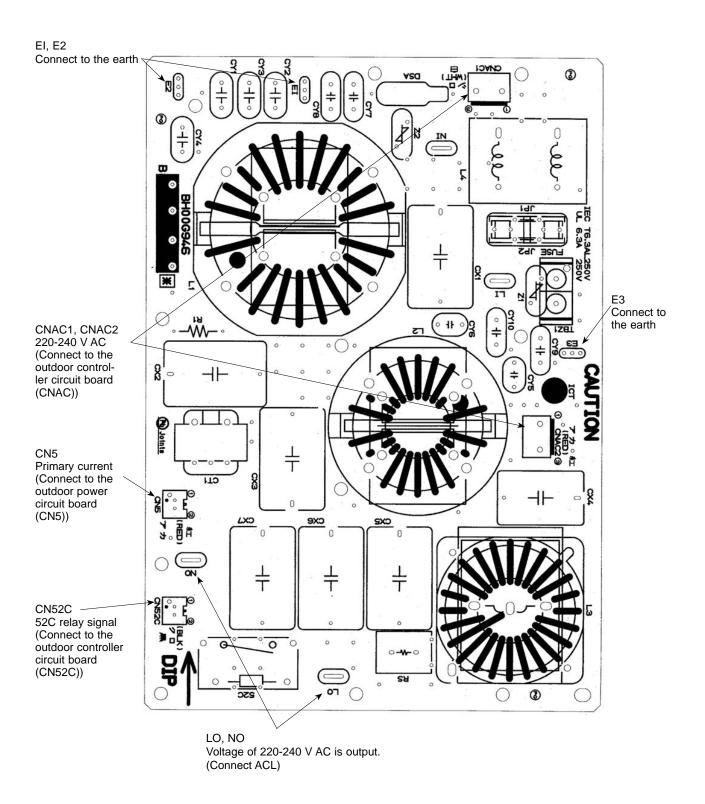


<CAUTION> TEST POINT ① is high voltage.

Outdoor controller circuit board PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140VHA(-BS)

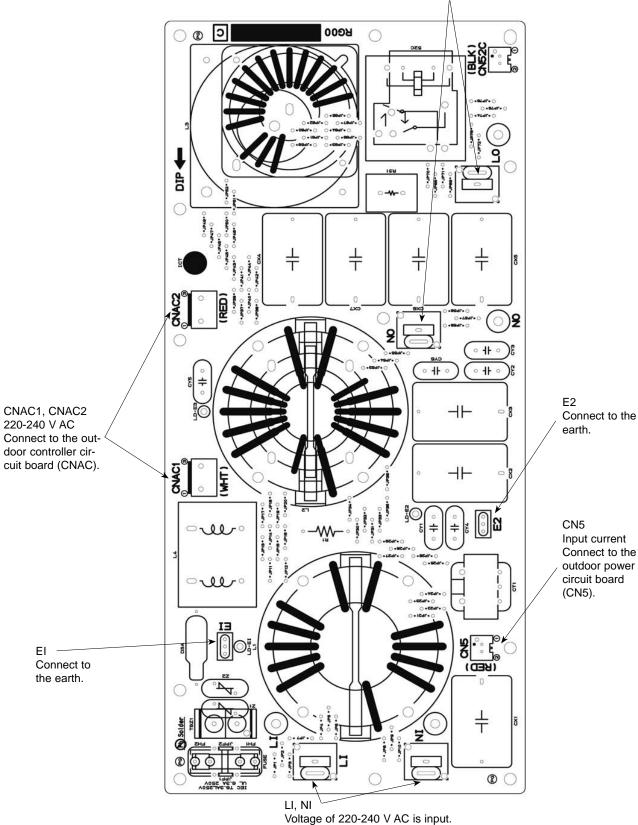


Outdoor noise filter circuit board PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS)



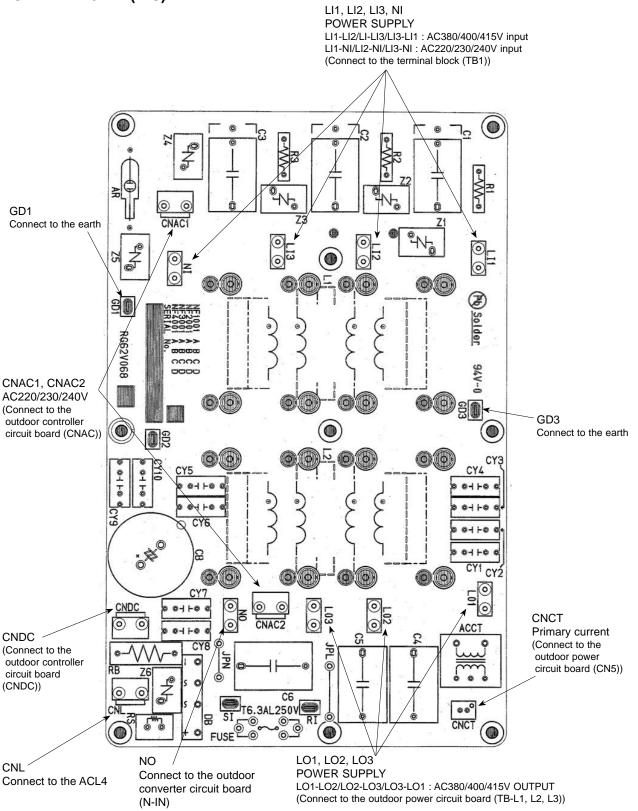
Outdoor noise filter circuit board PUHZ-W85VHA(-BS)

LO, NO Voltage of 220-240 V AC is output. Connect to the outdoor power circuit board (TABS, TABT).



Connect to the terminal block (TB1).

Outdoor noise filter circuit board PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140YHA(-BS)



Outdoor power circuit board PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS)

Brief Check of DIP-IPM and DIP-PFC

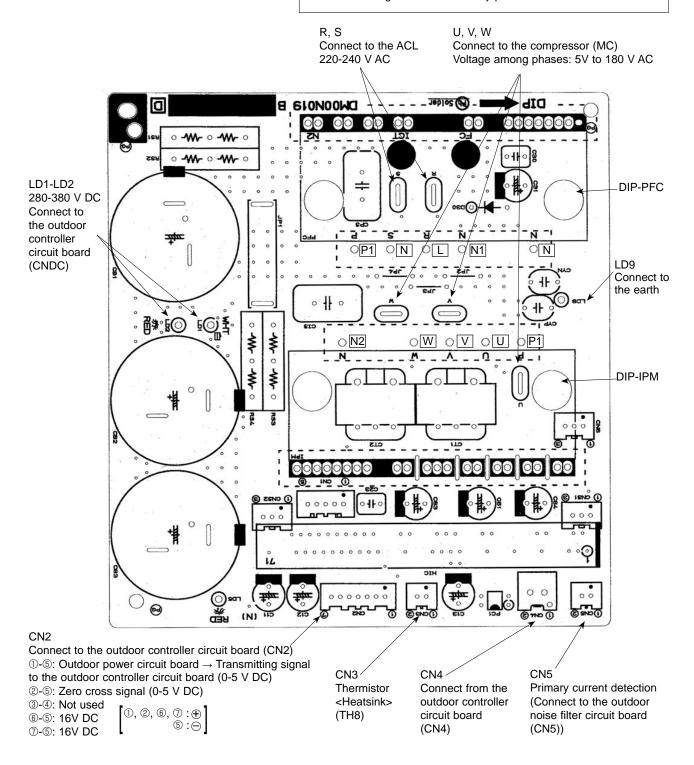
* Usually, they are in a state of being short-circuited if they are broken. Measure the resistance in the following points (connectors, etc.). If they are short-circuited, it means that they are broken.

1. Check of DIP-IPM

2. Check of DIP-PFC

P1-L, P1-N, L-N1, N-N1

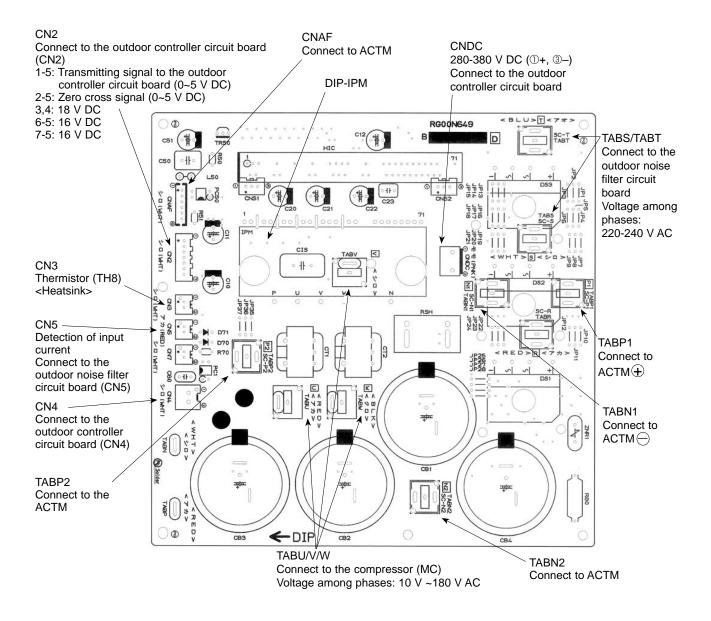
Note: The marks, L, N, N1, N2, P1, P2, U, V and W shown in the diagram are not actually printed on the board.



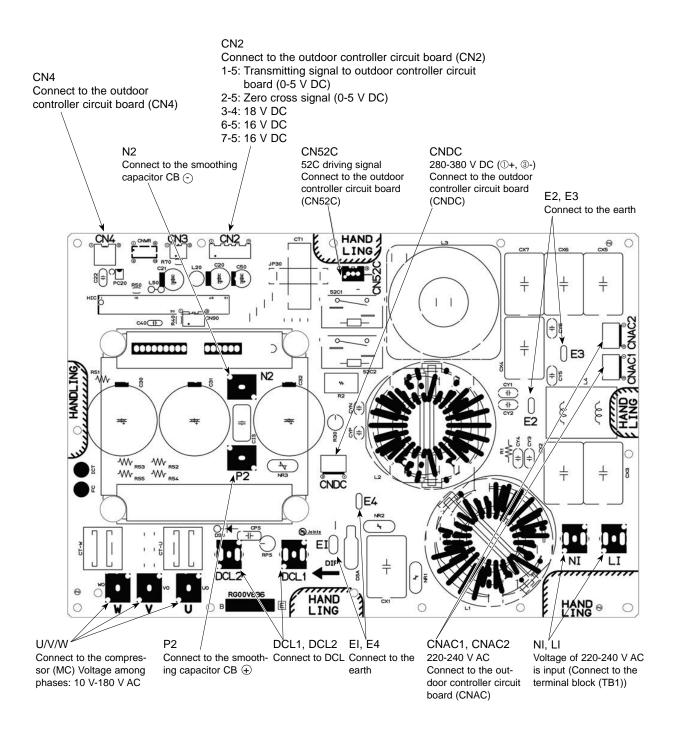
Outdoor power circuit board PUHZ-W85VHA(-BS)

Brief Check of POWER MODULE

- * Usually, they are in a state of being short-circuited if they are broken. Measure the resistance in the following points (connectors, etc.). If they are short-circuited, it means that they are broken.
- Check of diode bridge
 TABP1-TABS, TABN1-TABS, TABP1-TABT, TABN1-TABT
- 2. Check of DIP-IPM P-U, P-V, P-W, N-U, N-V, N-W



Outdoor power circuit board PUHZ-HW140VHA(-BS)



Outdoor power circuit board PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140YHA(-BS)

Brief Check of POWER MODULE

* Usually, they are in a state of being short-circuited if they are broken. Measure the resistance in the following points (connectors, etc.). If they are short-circuited, it means that they are broken.

1. Check of POWER MODULE

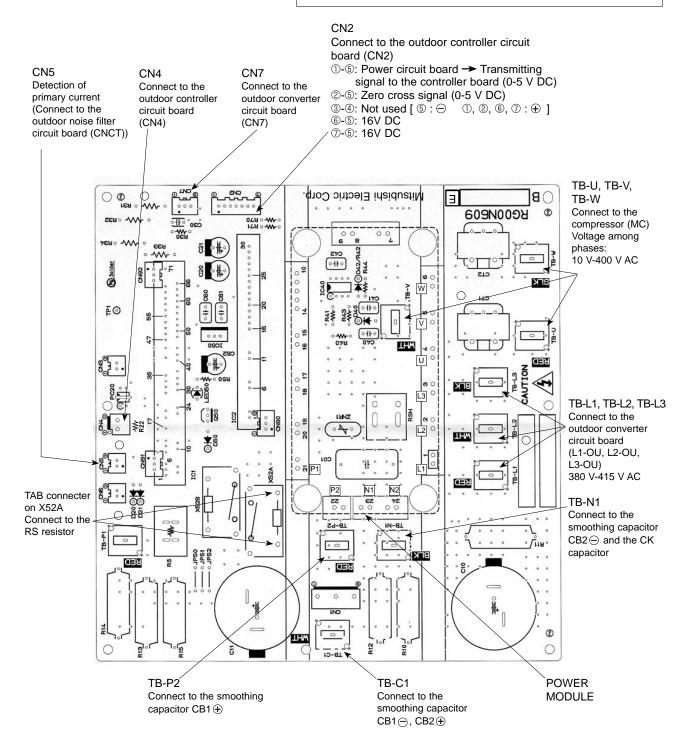
①.Check of DIODE circuit

[1]-P1, [2]-P1, [3]-P1, [1]-N1, [2]-N1, [3]-N1

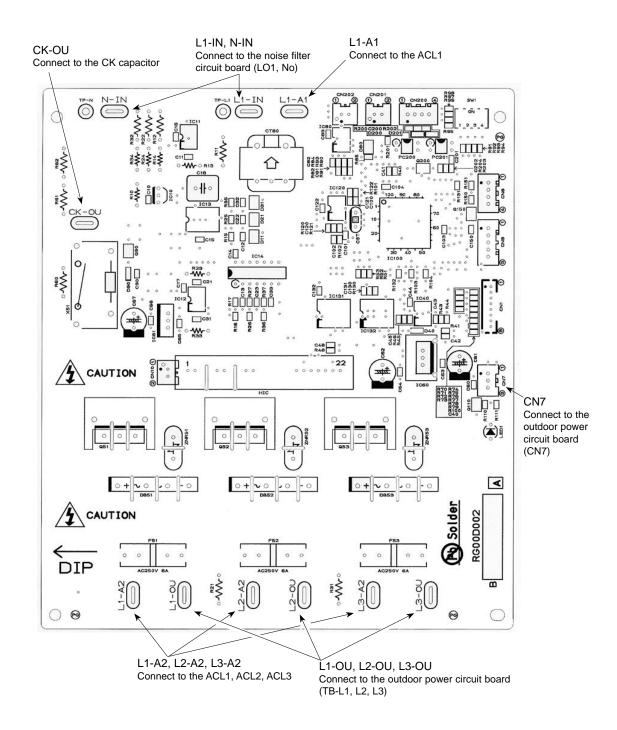
②.Check of IGBT circuit

P2-U, P2-V, P2-W, N2-U, N2-V, N2-W

Note: The marks, [1], [2], [3], N1, [N2, P1, P2, U], V and W shown in the diagram are not actually printed on the board.

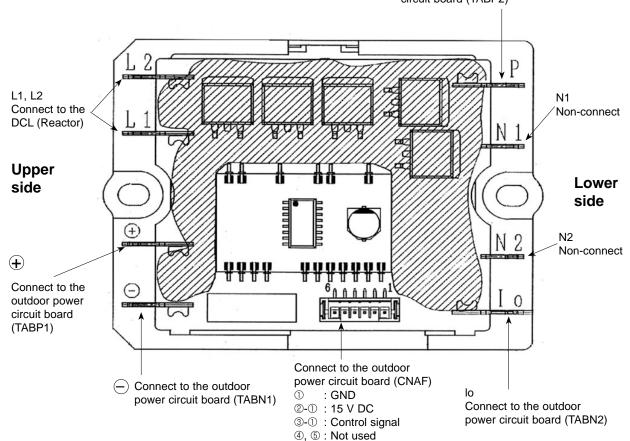


Outdoor converter circuit board PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140YHA(-BS)

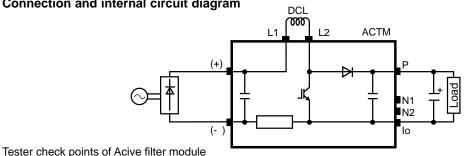


Active filter module PUHZ-W85VHA(-BS)

Connect to the outdoor power circuit board (TABP2)



Connection and internal circuit diagram



6-1 : Control signal

	Error condition	Normal value (reference)	Symptom when the unit is in trouble
(–) and lo	open	less than 1Ω	① The unit does not operate (can not be switched ON)
() and I ?	short	100kΩ ~ 1MΩ	① The breaker operates
(–) and L2	open	* 1	① The unit does not operate (can not be switched ON) ②U9 Abnormal stop (*2)
P and L2	short	100kΩ ~ 1MΩ	① The breaker operates
P and L2	open	*1	① The unit does not operate (can not be switched ON) ②U9 Abnormal stop (*2)
Dondlo	short	100kΩ ~ 1MΩ	① The breaker operates
P and lo	open	*1	① The unit does not operate (can not be switched ON) ②U9 Abnormal stop (*2)

^{*1.} Because it is difficult to determine open error with a tester, refer to the symptom of the unit when it is in open error.

 $100k\Omega \sim 1M\Omega$

*****1

short

open

① The unit does not operate (can not be switched ON) ②U9 Abnormal stop (*2)

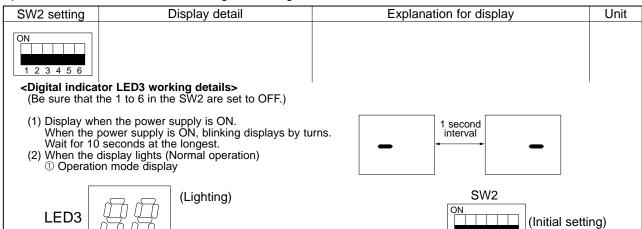
① The breaker operates

L2 and lo

ON OFF: Code "20" display *2.SW2 setting

8-7. OUTDOOR UNIT OPERATION MONITOR FUNCTION

Operation indicator SW2: Indicator change of self diagnosis



The tens digit: Operation mode

The tene aight: operation meas		
Display	Operation Model	
0	OFF	
С	COOLING	
Н	HEATING	
d	DEFROSTING	

error is being postponed.

2 Display during error postponement Postponement code is displayed when compressor stops due to the work of protection device.

Postponement code is displayed while The ones digit: Relay output

Display	Warming-up Compressor	Compressor	4-way valve	Solenoid valve	
0	_	_	_	_	
1	_	_	_	ON	
2	_	_	ON	_	
3	_	_	ON	ON	
4	_	ON	_	_	
5	_	ON	_	ON	
6	_	ON	ON	_	
7	_	ON	ON	ON	
8	ON	_	_	_	
Α	ON	_	ON	_	

(3) When the display blinks Inspection code is displayed when compressor stops due to the work of protection devices.

Display	Inspection unit
0	Outdoor unit

Display	Contents to be inspected (During operation)
U1	Abnormal high pressure (63H worked)
U2	Abnormal high discharging temperature, shortage of refrigerant
U3	Open/short circuit of discharging thermistor (TH4)
U4	Open/short of outdoor unit thermistors (TH3, TH32, TH6, TH7 and TH8)
U5	Abnormal temperature of heatsink
U6	Abnormality of power module
U7	Abnormality of superheat due to low discharge temperature
U8	Abnormality in outdoor fan motor
U9	Voltage fault, Input current sensor error
Ud	Overheat protection
UF	Compressor overcurrent interruption (When Comp. locked)
UH	Current sensor error, Input overcurrent interruption
UP	Compressor overcurrent interruption
P6	Freezing/overheating protection is working.
P8	Abnormality of pipe temperature
UE	Abnormal pressure of pressure sensor
PE	Abnormality of inlet water temperature
Ed	Serial communication error

Display	Contents to be inspected (When power is turned on)
F5 63H connector (yellow) is open.	
E8	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor communication error (Signal receiving error) (Outdoor unit)
E9	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor communication error (Transmitting error) (Outdoor unit)
EA	Miswiring of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire, excessive number of indoor units (2 units or more)
Eb	Miswiring of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire (converse wiring or disconnection)
EC	Startup time over
E0~E7	Communication error except for outdoor unit

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Pipe temperature / Liquid (TH3) — 40~90	- 40~90 (When the coil thermistor detects 0°C or below, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When -10°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs□ →10 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Discharge temperature (TH4) 3~217	3~217 (When the discharge thermistor detects 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 105°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 →05 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Fan steps 0~10	0~10	Step
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor ON/OFF 0~9999	0~9999 (When the number of times is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 42500 times (425 × 100 times); 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □4 →25 →□□	100 times
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor accumulated operation hours 0~9999	0~9999 (When it is 100 hours or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 2450 hours (245 × 10 hours); 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □2 →45 →□□	10 hours
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor running current 0~50	0~50 *Value after the decimal point will be round off	A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor running frequency 0~255	0~255 (When it is 100 Hz or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns. (Example) When 105 Hz; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 →05 →□□	Hz
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	LEV-A opening pulse 0~500	0~500 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns. (Example) When 150 pulse; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 →50 →□□	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Deferred error history (1)	Deferred error Blinking: being deferred Lighting: deferment is cancelled "00" is displayed in case of no deferment	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Operation mode when the error occured.	Operation mode when the unit is stopped due to is error displayed. The displayed code is when the SW2 is set as below. (SW2) ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Code display

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Pipe temperature/Liquid (TH3) when error occured. – 40~90	- 40~90 (When the coil thermistor detects 0°C or below, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When −15°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. -□ →15 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Discharge temperature (TH4) when error occured. 3~217	3~217 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, the hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 130°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 →30 →□□	င
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor current when error occured. 0~50	0~50	А
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error code history (1) (latest) Alternate display of faulty unit number and error code	When no error history, "0" and "" are displayed by turns.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error code history (2) Alternate display of faulty unit number and error code	When no error history, " 0 " and "— —" are displayed by turns.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor operation duration 0~999	0~999 (When it is 100 minutes or more, the hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 245 minutes; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □2 →45 →□□ t	Minute
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	LEV-B opening when error occured	0~500 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns. (Example) When 150 pulse; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 →50 →□□ t	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Capacity settings	The outdoor capacity code is shown as below Model Code PUHZ-W50 10 PUHZ-W85 14 PUHZ-HW112 20 PUHZ-HW140 25	Code display

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
	Outdoor unit setting information	The tens digit (Total display for applied setting)	
		Setting details Display details	
		H-P / Cooling only 0 : H-P 1 : Cooling only	
		Single phase / 3 phase 0 : Single phase 2 : 3 phase	
ON		The ones digit	Code
1 2 3 4 5 6		Setting details Display details	display
		Defrosting switch 0 : Normal 1 : For high humidity	
		(Example) When heat pump, 3 phase and defrosting (normal) are set up, "20" is displayed.	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Plate HEX liquid pipe temperature (TH6) – 39~88	- 39~88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Condensing temperature (T _{63HS}) – 39~88	- 39~88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Powerful / Economy mode display (for W50)	Powerful mode Economy mode	-
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Calculated maximum frequency 0~150	0~150 (When it is 100 Hz or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns. (Example) When 105 Hz; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 →05 →□□	Hz
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Water inlet temperature (TH32) 0~100	0~100	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Ambient temperature (TH7) -39~88	-39~88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "−" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	Ĉ
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor heatsink temperature (TH8) -40~200	-40~200 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (When the thermistor detects 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Discharge superheat (SHd) 0~255 [Cooling and Heating: SHd = TH4-T _{63HS}]	0~255 (When the SHd is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	°C

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Sub cool (SC) 0~130 [Cooling: SC = T _{63HS} -TH3] Heating: SC = T _{63HS} -TH6]	0~130 (When the SC is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Input current of outdoor unit 0~500	0~500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	0.1 A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	LEV-B opening pulse 0~500	0~500 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Pulse
	U9 error detail history (latest)	Error details Cause Code	
ON_		(No error) – 00	
		Over voltage Power PCB 01	
1 2 3 4 5 6		Insufficient voltage Power PCB 02	
		Input current sensor error Control PCB 04	Code
		Abnormal power synchronous signal (W50) Power PCB 08	display
		PFC error (W50) (over voltage, insufficient voltage, over current) Power PCB 10	
		ACTM error Control PCB 20	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Direct current bus voltage 150~400 (W50/85V, HW140V) 300~750 (HW112/140Y)	150~400 (W50/85V, HW140V) 300~750 (HW112/140Y) (When it is 100V or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	V
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Capacity save 0 ~ 100 [When there is no setting of capacity save, "100" is displayed.	0~100 (When the capacity is 100% hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 100%; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs.	%
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Deferred error history (2) of outdoor unit	Deferred error code display Blinking: being deferred Lighting: deferment is cancelled "00" is displayed in case of no deferment.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Deferred error history (3) of outdoor unit	Deferred error code display Blinking: being deferred Lighting: deferment is cancelled "00" is displayed in case of no deferment.	Code display

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error code history (3) (Oldest) Faulty unit number and error code are displayed alternately.	When no error history, "0" and "" are displayed by turns.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error thermistor display [When there is no error thermistor, "-" is displayed.	3: Liquid pipe thermistor (TH3) 3: Water inlet temp. thermistor (TH32) 6: Plate HEX liquid pipe thermistor (TH6) 7: Ambient temp. thermistor (TH7) 8: Heatsink thermistor (TH8) 4: Discharge thermistor (TH4) for (W50) 33: Comp. shell thermistor (TH33) (for W50) 3: Suction pipe thermistor (TH33) (for HW112/140)	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Operation frequency when error occured. 0~225	0~225 (When it is 100 Hz or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 105 Hz; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 →05 →□□	Hz
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Fan step when error occured. 0~10	0~10	Step
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	LEV-A opening pulse when error occured. 0~500	0~500 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 130 pulse; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 →30 →□□	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Plate HEX liquid pipe temperature (TH6) when error occured39~88	-39~88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When –15°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. -□ →15 →□□	င
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Condensing temperature when error occured39~88	-39~88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When –15°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. -□ →15 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Water inlet temperature (TH32) when error occured. 0~100	0~100	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Ambient temperature (TH7) when error occured39~88	-39~88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When −15°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. -□ →15 →□□	°

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor heatsink temperature (TH8) when error occured40~200	-40~200 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Discharge superheat (SHd) when error occured. 0~255 [Cooling and Heating: SHd=TH4-T63HS]	0~255 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 150°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 →50 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Sub cool (SC) when error occured. 0~130 [Cooling: SC = T63HS-TH3] Heating: SC = T63HS-TH6]	0~130 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 115°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 →15 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor operation duration before the unit stops with error 0~999	0~999 (When it is 100 minutes or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 415 minutes; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □4 →15 →□□	Minute
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Maximum frequency when error occured 0~150	0~150 (When it is 100 Hz or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns. (Example) When 105 Hz; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 →05 →□□	Hz
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Requested capacity step when error occured 0~7	0~7	Step
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor frequency control status	The following code will be a help to know the operating status of unit. •Ten place (left side): Display Compressor frequency control 1 Input current restriction control 2 Compressor current restriction control •First digit (Total figure of the corresponding relays are displayed.) Display Compressor frequency control 1 Discharge temp.control(not to over rise). 2 Condensing temp.control(not to over rise). 4 Freezing protection control 8 Heatsink temp.control(not to over rise). When the following 3 points are under control; (1) Input current restriction control (not to over rise). (2) Condensing temp. control (not to over rise).	Code display

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit		
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Comp. shell temperature (TH33) (for W50) 3~217	3~217 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, the hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 130°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 →30 →□□			
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor suction pipe temperature (TH33) (for HW112/140) -39~88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When −15°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. -□ →15 →□□				
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	LEV-C opening pulse (for HW112/140) 0~500	(When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds dig it are displayed by turns.)			
ON	Requested capacity step (Q STEP) 0~7)~7	Step		
	U9 Error details (To be shown while error call is deferred.)	Error details Cause Code	1		
	error can is deferred.)	(No error) – 00	1		
		Over voltage Power PCB 01	1		
ON		Insufficient voltage Power PCB 02			
1 2 3 4 5 6		Input current sensor error Control PCB 04	Code display		
		Abnormal power synchronous signal (W50) Power PCB 08			
		PFC error (W50) (over voltage, insufficient voltage, over current) Power PCB 10			
		ACTM error Control PCB 20			

Data Sheet for Air to Water Compact type	act type	Applicable model	PUHZ-W[50V/85V]HA(-BS) PUHZ-HW[140V/112Y/140Y]HA(-BS)	
Model name:	[Serial No.	.:	Date:	
Operation Data	SW2 setting 1 2 3 4 5 6	1:ON / 0:OFF	Recorded operation status	SW2 setting 1:ON / 0:OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6
Inlet/Outlet water temperature		/	Operation mode when the error occurred (Mode)	010100
Outdoor Inlet/Outlet Air temperature		/	Error code history (1) [Latest] (Code)	0 1 1 1 0 0
Discharge/Suction temperature		/	Error code history (2) (Code)	1 1 1 1 0 0
Discharge/Suction pressure		/	Error code history (3) [Oldest] (Code)	0 0 0 1 0 1
Power supply Voltage/Frequency (V/Hz)		/	Deferred error history (1) (Code)	100100
Water flow Volume (L/min)			Deferred error history (2) (Code)	0 1 1 0 0 1
Water inlet temp. [TH32]] 001110		Deferred error history (3) (Code)	1 1 1 0 0 1
Plate HEX liquid pipe temp. [TH6]	0 0 1 0 1 0		Condensing temp.	1 1 1 1 0 1
Condensing temp. [Т _{63HS}]	101010		Plate HEX liquid pipe temp. [TH6]	0 1 1 1 0 1
Ambient temp. [TH7]	101110		Compressor running frequency (Hz)	0 1 0 1 0 1
Compressor running frequency (Hz)	111000		Fan steps (Step)	1 1 0 1 0 1
(Step)	110000		Liquid pipe temp. [TH3]	1 1 0 1 0 0
Liquid pipe temp. [TH3]	100000			0 0 1 1 0 0
	0 1 0 0 0 0		EV-A opening pulse [LEV-A]	0 0 1 1 0 1
LEV-A opening pulse [LEV-A]	N] 000100		S LEV-B opening pulse [LEV-B]	100010
LEV-B opening pulse [LEV-B]	3] 0 1 0 0 0 1		호 Ambient temp. [TH7]	100011
LEV-C opening pulse (HW type only) [LEV-C]	3 0 0 1 1 1 1		क Water inlet temp. [TH32]	0 0 0 0 1 1
Requested capacity step [Q _{STEP}]] 101111		Heat sink temp. [TH8]	0 1 0 0 1 1
Comp. surface temp. (W type only) [TH33]			Calculated max. frequency	011011
Suction temp. (HW type only) [TH33]			Sub Cool [SC]	001011
	011110		Compressor operation duration (Min)	101011
	1111		J	_
Calculated max. frequency (Hz)	0		Discharge Super Heat [SHd]	110011
Compressor operation duration (Min)	000010		Compressor running current (A)	101100
Sub Cool [SC]	00001		Capacity setting (Code)	0 1 0 0 1 0
Demand capacity (%)	101001		Compressor ON/OFF (x100)	0 0 1 0 0 0
Direct current bus line voltage (V)	001001		Compressor accumulated operation hours (x10hours)	_
Compressor running current (A)	0 1 1 0 0 0		U9 error detail history (latest) (Code)	110001
Input current (0.1A)	10		Check sum (Code)	110111
Compressor frequency control status *	100111			
Temperature differential code $[\Delta T]$	000111		10ths digit 1:Input current restriction control 1st digit 1:Discharge temp. control 2:Compressor current restriction control	1:Discharge temp. control 4:Freeze protection control 2:Condensing temp. control 8:Heat sink temp. control
				ı

8-8. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS) PUHZ-W85VHA(-BS)

Switch			Selection				Effective timing
Mark	No.	Function	ON (with)	OFF (without)	Initial setting* Function details		(SW1, 8) / Note (SW6)
SW1	1	Forced defrosting	ON to start	Usual setting	OFF	Switch ON to force defrosting	When compressor is working in heat-ing mode. *1
	2	To clear error history	ON to clear	Usual setting	OFF	Switch ON to clear (erase) the followings: (1) Error codes and Suspension flags in RAM (2) Error codes and Suspension flags in EEPROM	Off or operating
	3	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-W50,85VHA	OFF		
	4	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-W50,85VHA	OFF		-
	5	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-W50,85VHA	OFF	_	
	6	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-W50,85VHA	OFF		
	1	Max. fan step selection	STEP 9	STEP 8	OFF	Selection of max. fan step at the silent mode	Always
SW5	2	Max. frequency selection	Middle level	Low level	OFF	Selection of max. compressor frequency at the silent mode	Always
	3	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-W50,85VHA	OFF		
	4	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-W50,85VHA	OFF	_	_
SW6	1	Model Setting 1	Do NOT use	PUHZ-W50,85VHA	OFF	PCB may be damaged, if switch is ON.	ON for other mod- els
	2	Defrost control selection	For high Standard		OFF	Switch ON to change conditions (standard / high himidity) to start defrosting	-
	3~6	Model Setting 2	W85 1 0 1 0 0 0		As shown in the left table	-	Make sure to set SW6-3 to 6 and SW10-1,2 correctly
SW10	1,2		1=ON, 0=OFF				
SW8	1	Mode selection	Energy saving mode	Powerful mode	OFF	-	Always
	2	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-W50,85VHA	OFF		_
	3	Separate Interface/Flow temp. control- ler-outdoor unit power supplies	Separate power supply	Outdoor unit power supply	OFF	Power supply connection method selection	When power supply ON

<Important Note>

All these dip switches on PUHZ-W50,85VHA are set as shown above.

Spare PCBs, however, will be supplied without any settings, which means that all dip switches are switched OFF. When servicing, please make sure to set all switches correctly, referring to the previous PCB which is removed from the unit.

- *1. Forced defrosting should be done as follows.
 - ① Change the DIP SW1-1 on the outdoor controller board from OFF to ON.
 - @ Forced defrosting will start by the above operation ① if these conditions written below are satisfied.
 - Heat mode setting
 - 10 minutes have passed since compressor starts operating or previous forced defrosting is finished.

Forced defrosting will finish if certain conditions are satisfied.

Forced defrosting can be done if above conditions are satisfied when DIP SW1-1 is changed from OFF to ON.

After DIP SW1-1 is changed from OFF to ON, there is no problem if DIP SW1-1 is left ON or changed to OFF again. This depends on the service conditions.

PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140VHA(-BS)

Switch		Function	Selection		Initial aattina*	Cupation dataile	Effective timing	
mark	No.	Function	ON (with)	OFF (without)	Initial setting*	Function details	Effective timing	
SW1	1	Forced defrosting	ON to start	usual setting	OFF	Switch ON to force defrosting	Always	
	2	To clear error history	ON to clear	usual setting	OFF	Switch ON to clear (erase) the followings: (1)Error codes and Suspension flags in RAM (2)Error codes and Suspension flags in EEPROM	Always	
	3	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-HW-HA	OFF	-		
	4	Abnormal disregard	Disregard	Normal	OFF	Error code (P8,UH): Abnormal detection disregard	Always	
	5	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-HW-HA	OFF	_	_	
	6	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-HW-HA	OFF	_	-	
	1	Silent setting (FAN)	Silent setting (FAN)	usual setting	OFF	Fan speed setting in silent mode	Always	
	2	Silent setting (Hz)	Silent setting (Hz)	usual setting	OFF	Hz setting in silent mode		
SW5	3	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-HW-HA	OFF	_	_	
	4	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-HW-HA	OFF	ı	-	
	5	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-HW-HA	OFF	_	_	
	6	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-HW-HA	OFF	_	_	
	1~3	Model Setting 1	Do NOT use	PUHZ-HW-HA	OFF	_	-	
SW6	4	Single phase / 3 phase	3 phase	Single phase	HW112/140Y :ON HW140V :OFF	-	-	
	5~8	Model Setting 2	Model 5 HW112 0 HW140 1 1=ON, 0=OFF	SW6 6 7 8 1 1 0 1 1 0	As shown in the left table	-	Make sure to set SW6-5 to 8 correctly	
SW8	1	Mode selection	Energy saving mode	Powerful mode	OFF	-	Always	
	2	Max. current setting	Model OF OF HW140V 35 HW112/140Y 13	A 29.5A	OFF	-	When power supply ON	
	3	Separate Interface/Flow temp.controller - outdoor unit power supplies	Separate power supply	Outdoor unit power supply	OFF	Power supply connection method selection	When power supply ON	

<Important Note>

All these dip switches on PUHZ-HW-HA are set as shown above.

Spare PCBs, however, will be supplied without any settings, which means that all dip switches are switched OFF. When servicing, please make sure to set all switches correctly, referring to the previous PCB which is removed from the unit.

- *1. Forced defrosting should be done as follows.
 - ① Change the DIP SW1-1 on the outdoor controller board from OFF to ON.
 - ② Forced defrosting will start by the above operation ① if these conditions written below are satisfied.
 - Heat mode setting
 - 10 minutes have passed since compressor starts operating or previous forced defrosting is finished.
 - Pipe temperature is less than or equal to 8°C.

Forced defrosting will finish if certain conditions are satisfied.

Forced defrosting can be done if above conditions are satisfied when DIP SW1-1 is changed from OFF to ON. After DIP SW1-1 is changed from OFF to ON, there is no problem if DIP SW1-1 is left ON or changed to OFF again. This depends on the service conditions.

DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS) PUHZ-W85VHA(-BS)

OPERATING PROCEDURE

1. Removing the service panel and top panel

- (1) Remove 3 screws (5 x 10) and slide the hook on the right downward to remove the service panel.
- (2) Remove screws (3 for front, 3 for rear/5 x 10) of the top panel and remove it.

Photo 1 Top panel fixing screws Top panel Service panel fixing screws Grille fixing screws

PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATION

2. Removing the fan motor (MF1)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove 5 screws (5 x 10) to detach the fan grille. (See Photo 1.)
- (4) Remove a nut (for right handed screw of M6) to detach the propeller. (See Photo 2.)
- (5) Disconnect the connector CNF1 on controller circuit board in electrical parts box.
- (6) Remove 4 screws (5 x 25) to detach the fan motor. (See Photo 3.)

Photo 2 Front panel Photo 3 Fan motor f

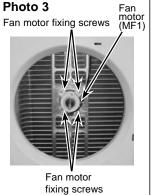


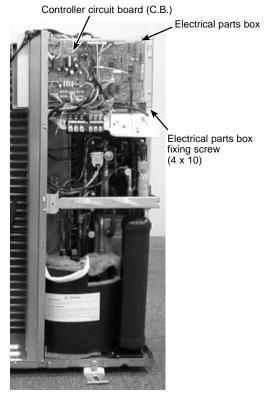
PHOTO: PUHZ-W85VHA

3. Removing the electrical box

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Disconnect the connecting wires from terminal block.
- (4) Remove all the following connectors from controller circuit board; fan motor, linear expansion valve (x2), thermistor<Liquid pipe>, thermistor <Discharge>, thermistor <Plate HEX Liquid>, thermistor <Outdoor ambient>, high pressure sensor, high pressure switch, four-way valve and bypass valve. Then remove a screw (4 x 8) from the valve bed to remove the lead wire.

Pull out the disconnected wire from the electrical parts box. <Diagram symbol in the connector housing>

- Fan motor (CNF1)
- Linear expansion valve (LEV-A and LEV-B)
- Thermistor <Liquid pipe> (TH3)
- Thermistor < Discharge> (TH4)
- Thermistor <Plate HEX Liquid, Outdoor Ambient> (TH7/6)
- Thermistor <Inlet water> (TH32)
- Thermistor <Comp. shell> (TH33, only W50)
- High pressure sensor (63HS)
- High pressure switch (63H)
- Solenoid valve coil <4-way valve> (21S4)
- Solenoid valve coil <Bypass valve> (SV2)
- (5) Remove the terminal cover and disconnect the compressor lead wires.
- (6) Remove a screw (4 x 10) and detach the electrical parts box by pulling it upward. The electrical parts box is fixed with 2 hooks on the left and 1 hook on the right.



4. Removing the thermistor <Plate HEX Liquid> (TH6)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Disconnect the connector TH7/6 (red) on the controller circuit board.
- (4) Loosen the clamps for the lead wire.
- (5) Pull out the thermistor <Plate HEX Liquid> (TH6) from the sensor holder.

Note: In case of replacing thermistor <Plate HEX Liquid> (TH6), replace it together with thermistor<Outdoor ambient> (TH7), since they are combined together. Refer to No.5 below to remove thermistor <Outdoor ambient>.

Photo 5 Plate HEX liquid Outdoor liquid thermistor (TH6) thermistor (TH3) Plate heat exchanger Receiver -Plate heat exchanger

PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATION

5. Removing the thermistor <Outdoor ambient> (TH7)

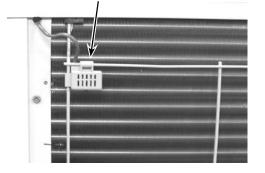
- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Disconnect the connector TH7/6 (red) on the controller circuit board.
- (4) Loosen the clamps for the lead wire.
- (5) Pull out the thermistor < Outdoor ambient> (TH7) from the sensor holder.

Note: In case of replacing thermistor <Outdoor ambient> (TH7), replace it together with thermistor <Plate HEX Liquid> (TH6), since they are combined together. Refer to No.4 above to remove thermistor <Plate HEX Liquid>.

Photo 6

Sensor holder for outdoor ambient thermistor (TH7)

fixing screw



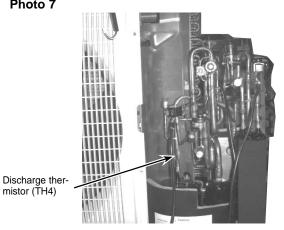
6. Removing the thermistor <Liquid pipe> (TH3) and thermistor <Discharge> (TH4), thermistor <Comp. shell> (TH33)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Disconnect the connectors, TH3 (white), TH4 (white), and TH33 (yellow) on the controller circuit board.
- (3) Loosen the clamps for the lead wire.
- (4) Pull out the thermistor < Liquid pipe> (TH3) (See Photo 5.) and thermistor < Discharge> (TH4) from the sensor holder.

[Removing the thermistor <Comp. shell> (TH33)] Only for W50.

(5) Pull out the thermistor < Comp. shell> (TH33) from the holder of the compressor shell.

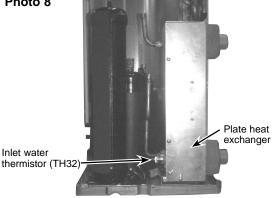
Photo 7



7. Removing the thermistor <Inlet Water> (TH32)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove 2 screws (5 x 10) and remove the front cover panel.
- (3) Remove 2 screws (5 x 10) and remove the back cover panel. (W85)/ Remove 3 stay fixing screws (4 x 10) and remove the stay. Remove 3 right side panel fixing screws (5 x 10) and remove the right side panel. (W50)
- (4) Disconnect the connectors, TH32 (black) on the controller circuit board.
- (5) Loosen the clamp for the lead wire.
- (6) Remove the thermistor <Inlet water> (TH32) from the plate heat exchanger.

Note: Before removing the thermistor<Inlet water> (TH32), recover water in the plate heat exchanger.



Removing the solenoid valve coil <4-way valve> (21S4) linear expansion valve coil (LEV (A), LEV (B)) and solenoid valve coil <Bypass valve> (SV)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4.)

[Removing the solenoid valve coil <4-way valve>]

- (4) Remove solenoid valve coil <4-way valve> fixing screw (M4 x 6).
- (5) Remove the solenoid valve coil <4-way valve>.
- (6) Disconnect the connector 21S4 (green) on the controller circuit board.

[Removing the linear expansion valve coil]

- (4) Remove the linear expansion valve coil by sliding the coil upward.
- (5) Disconnect the connectors, LEV A (white) and LEV B (red), on the controller circuit board.

[Removing the solenoid valve coil <Bypass valve>]

- (4) Remove the solenoid valve coil <Bypass valve> fixing screw (M4 x 6).
- (5) Remove the solenoid valve coil <Bypass valve> by sliding the coil upward.
- (6) Disconnect the connector SV2 (blue) on the controller circuit board.

9. Removing the 4-way valve

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4.)
- (4) Remove 3 stay fixing screws (4 x 10) and remove the stay.
- (5) Remove 3 right side panel fixing screw (5 x 10) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.
- (6) Remove the solenoid valve coil <4-way valve>. (See Photo 9.)
- (7) Recover refrigerant.
- (8) Remove the welded part of 4-way valve.
- Note 1: Recover refrigerant without letting it out in the air.
- Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel.
- Note 3: When installing the 4-way valve, make sure to cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (120°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.

10. Removing linear expansion valve

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4.)
- (4) Remove 3 stay fixing screws (4 x 10) and remove the stay.
- (5) Remove 3 right side panel fixing screw (5 x 10) in the rear of the unit and then remove the right side panel.
- (6) Remove the linear expansion valve.
- (7) Recover refrigerant.
- (8) Remove the welded part of linear expansion valve.
- Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.
- Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the back panel.
- Note 3: When installing the linear expansion valve, cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (120°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.

PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATION

Photo 9

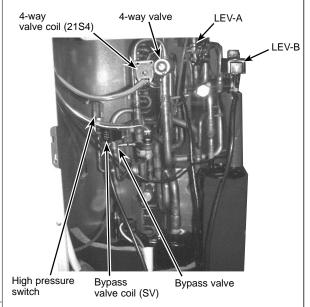
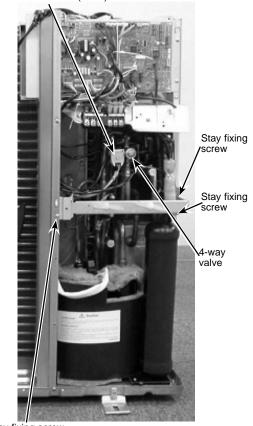


Photo 10

4-way valve coil (21S4)



Stay fixing screw

11. Removing the bypass valve

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4.)
- (4) Remove 3 right side panel fixing screws (5 x 10) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.
- (5) Remove the bypass valve solenoid coil.
- (6) Recover refrigerant.
- (7) Remove the welded part of bypass valve.
- Note 1: Recover refrigerant without letting it out in the air.
- Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel.
- Note 3: When installing the bypass valve, make sure to cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (120°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pips are not oxidized.

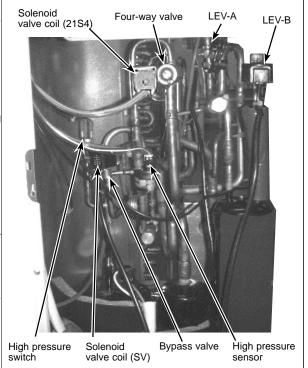
12. Removing the high pressure switch (63H)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4.)
- (4) Remove 3 right side panel fixing screws (5 x 10) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.
- (5) Pull out the lead wire of high pressure switch.
- (6) Recover refrigerant.
- (7) Remove the welded part of high pressure switch.
- Note 1: Recover refrigerant without letting it out in the air.
- Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel.
- Note 3: When installing the high pressure switch, make sure to cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (100°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.

13. Removing the high pressure sensor (63HS)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4.)
- (4) Remove 3 right side panel fixing screws (5 x 10) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.
- (5) Pull out the lead wire of high pressure sensor.
- (6) Recover refrigerant.
- (7) Remove the welded part of high pressure sensor.
- Note 1: Recover refrigerant without letting it out in the air.
- Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel.
- Note 3: When installing the high pressure sensor, make sure to cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (100°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.

PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATION

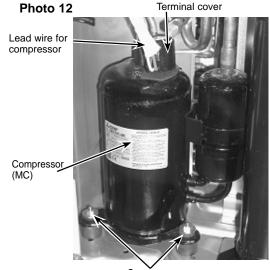


14. Removing the compressor (MC)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove 2 screws (5 x 10) and remove the front cover panel.
- (4) Remove 2 screws (5 x 10) and remove the back cover panel.
- (5) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4.)
- (6) Remove 3 screws (4 x 10) and remove the stay. (See Photo 10.)
- (7) Remove 3 screws (5 x 10) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.
- (8) Remove 5 screws (1:4 x 10 4:5 x 10) and remove the front panel.
- (9) Remove 3 screws (4 x 10) and remove the separator.
- (10) Remove the terminal cover and remove the lead wire for compressor.
- (11) Remove the soundproof cover for compressor.
- (12) Recover refrigerant.
- (13) Remove the 3 points of the compressor fixing nut using a spanner or a adjustable wrench.
- (14) Remove the welded pipe of the compressor, then remove the compressor.

Note 1: Recover refrigerant without letting it out in the air.

PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATION



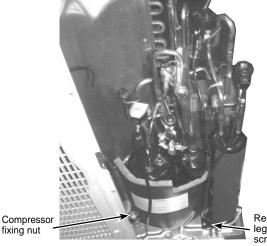
Compressor fixing nut

15. Removing the receiver

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove 2 screws (5 x 10) and remove the front cover panel.
- (4) Remove 2 screws (5 x 10) and remove the back cover panel.
- (5) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4.)
- (6) Remove 3 screws (4 x 10) and remove the stay. (See Photo 10.)
- (7) Remove 3 screw (5 x 10) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.
- (8) Recover the refrigerant.
- (9) Remove 2 welded pipes of receiver.
- (10) Remove 2 receiver leg fixing screws (4 x 10), then remove the receiver.

Note 1: Recover refrigerant without letting it out in the air.

Photo 13



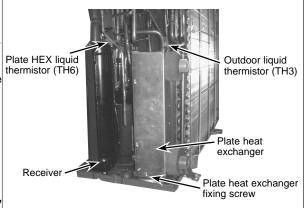
Receiver leg fixing

16. Removing the plate heat exchanger

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove 2 screws (5 x 10) and remove the front cover panel.
- (4) Remove 2 screws (5 x 10) and remove the back cover panel.
- (5) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4.)
- (6) Remove 3 screws (4 x 10) and remove the stay. (See Photo 10.)
- (7) Remove 3 screw (5 x 10) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.
- (8) Recover the refrigerant
- (9) Remove 2 welded pipes of plate heat exchanger inlet and outlet.
- (10) Remove 2 plate heat exchanger fixing screws (4 x 10), then remove the plate heat exchanger.

Note 1: Recover refrigerant without letting it out in the air.

Note 2: Before removing the thermistor <Inlet water> (TH32),
recover water in the plate heat exchanger.



No.17~22 for PUHZ-W85VHA(-BS)

OPERATING PROCEDURE

17. Removing the controller circuit board (C.B.): Figure 1

- (1) Remove all lead wire connectors on controller circuit board (C.B.). CNF1, CNDC, CNAC, CN2, CN4, CN52C, 21S4, SV2, 63H, 63HS, LEV-A, LEV-B, TH32, TH7/6, TH3, TH4
- (2) Remove controller circuit board from the C.B. base. (5 supports)

18. Removing the noise filter circuit board (N.F.): Figure 1, Photo 15

- Remove E2, CN5, LO, NO lead wire connectors from noise filter circuit board (N.F.).
- (2) Remove E1 lead wire connector from electrical parts box.
- (3) Remove L, N lead wire connectors from terminal block (TB1).
- (4) Remove 4 screws (4 x 10) for fixing the C.B. base and detach the C.B. base from the electrical parts box.
- (5) Remove CNAC1, CNAC2, E1, LI, NI lead wire connectors from noise filter circuit board (N.F.).
- (6) Remove noise filter circuit board from the C.B. base. (11 supports)

19. Removing the power circuit board (P.B.): Figure 1, Photo 16

- Remove CN2, CN4, CNDC lead wire connectors from controller circuit board (C.B.).
- (2) Remove LO, NO, CN5 lead wire connectors from noise filter circuit board (N.F.).
- (3) Remove 4 screws (4 x 10) for fixing the C.B. base and detach the C.B. base from the electrical parts box.
- (4) Remove all lead wire connectors on power circuit board (P.B.). CNAF, CN2, CN3, CN5, CN4, CNDC TABU, TABV, TAVW, TABT, TABS, TABP1, TABN1, TABN2
- (5) Remove power circuit board from the electrical parts box. (3 supports and 4 screws (2 screws (3 x 12) + 2 screws (4 x 18))

20. Removing the active filter module (ACTM): Figure 1, Photo 16

- Remove CN2, CN4, CNDC lead wire connectors from controller circuit board (C.B.).
- (2) Remove LO, NO, CN5 lead wire connectors from noise filter circuit board (N.F.).
- (3) Remove 4 screws (4 x 10) for fixing the C.B. base and detach the C.B. base from the electrical parts box.
- (4) Remove all lead wires on active filter module (ACTM). L1, L2, P, Io, +, -, CNAF (4 wires)
- (5) Remove the active filter module (ACTM) from the electrical parts box. (2 screws (4 x 14))

21. Removing the reactor (DCL): Figure 1, Figure 2

- (1) Remove 4 reactor fixing screws (4 x 10) to detach the reactor (DCL).
- (2) Disconnect L1, L2 lead wire from active filter module (ACTM). Remove reactor wire from wire support.

22. Removing the thermistor <HEATSINK> (TH8): Photo 16

- Remove CN2, CN4, CNDC lead wire connectors from controller circuit board (C.B.).
- (2) Remove LO, NO, CN5 lead wire connectors from noise filter circuit board (N.F.).
- (3) Remove 4 screws (4 x 10) for fixing the C.B. base and detach the C.B. base from the electrical parts box.
- (4) Remove all lead wire connectors on power circuit board (P.B.). CNAF, CN2, CN3, CN5, CN4, CNDC TABU, TABV, TAVW, TABT, TABS, TABP1, TABN1, TABN2
- (5) Remove power circuit board from the electrical parts box. (3 supports and 4 screws (2 screws (3 x 12) + 2 screws (4 x 18))
- (6) Remove the thermistor <HEATSINK> from the electrical parts box. (1 screw (3 x 12))

PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATION

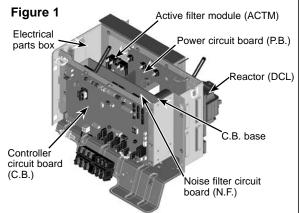
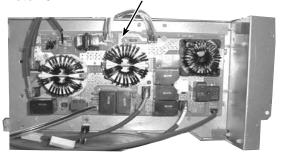
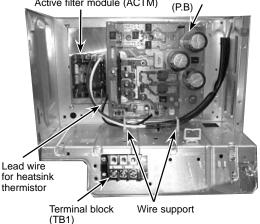
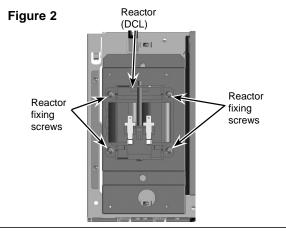


Photo 15 Noise filter circuit board (N.F.)









No.23~27 for PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS)

OPERATING PROCEDURE

23. Removing the controller circuit board (C.B.): Figure 3, Photo 17

- (1) Remove all lead wire connectors on controller circuit board (C.B.) CNF1, CNDC, CNAC, CN2, CN4, CN52C, 21S4, SV2, 63H, 63HS, LEV-A, LEV-B,
- TH32, TH7/6, TH3, TH4, TH33
- (2) Remove controller circuit board. (5 supports)

24. Removing the noise filter circuit board (N.F.): Figure 3, Photo 17

- (1) Remove 2 screws for fixing the C.B. plate and detach the C.B. plate from the electrical parts box.
- (2) Remove E2, E3, CN5, LO, NO lead wire connectors from noise filter circuit board (N.F.).
- (3) Remove E1 lead wire connector from electrical parts box.
- (4) Remove L, N lead wire connectors from terminal block (TB1).
- (5) Remove CNAC1, CNAC2, E1, LI, NI lead wire connectors from noise filter circuit board (N.F.).
- (6) Remove noise filter circuit board. (9 supports)

25. Removing the power circuit board (P.B.): Figure 3, Photo 17

- Remove CN2, CN4, CNDC lead wire connectors from controller circuit board (C.B.).
- (2) Remove 2 screws for fixing the C.B. plate and detach the C.B. plate from the electrical parts box.
- (3) Remove CD9 lead wire connector.
- (4) Remove all lead wire connectors on power circuit board (P.B.). CN2, CN3, CN5, CN4
 - TABU, TABV ,TAVW, TABR, TABS
- (5) Remove power circuit board from the electrical parts box.

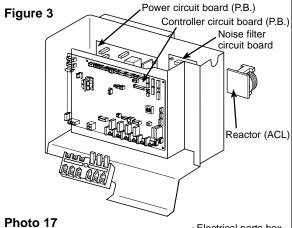
26. Removing the reactor (ACL): Photo 18

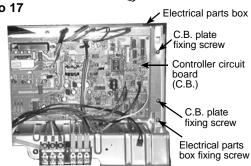
- (1) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4.)
- (2) Remove 3 reactor fixing screws (4 x 16) and remove the reactor.
- * The reactor is attached to the rear of the electrical parts box.

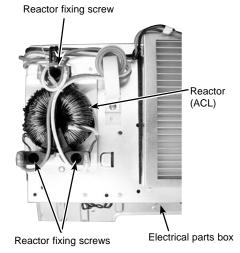
27. Removing the thermistor <HEATSINK> (TH8)

- Remove CN2, CN4, CNDC lead wire connectors from controller circuit board (C.B.).
- (2) Remove 2 screws for fixing the C.B. plate and detach the C.B. plate from the electrical parts box.
- (3) Remove all lead wire connectors on power circuit board (P.B.).
- (4) Remove power circuit board from the electrical parts box.
- (5) Remove the thermistor <HEATSINK> from the electrical parts box. (1 screw (3 x 12))

PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATION







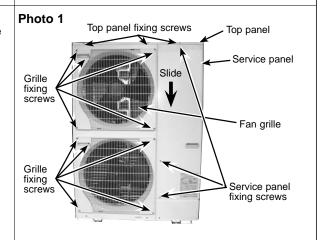
PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140VHA(-BS)

OPERATING PROCEDURE

1. Removing the service panel and top panel

- (1) Remove 3 service panel fixing screws (5 X 10) and slide the hook on the right downward to remove the service panel
- (2) Remove screws (3 for front, 3 for rear/5 X 10) of the top panel and remove it.

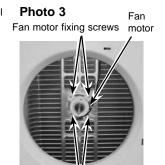
PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATION



2. Removing the fan motor (MF1, MF2)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove 5 fan grille fixing screws (5 X 10) to detach the fan grille. (See Photo 1.)
- (4) Remove a nut (for right handed screw of M6) to detach the propeller. (See Photo 2.)
- (5) Disconnect the connectors, CNF1 and CNF2 on controller circuit board in electrical parts box.
- (6) Remove 4 fan motor fixing screws (5 X 25) to detach the fan motor. (See Photo 3.)

Photo 2 Front panel Photo Fan moto



Fan motor fixing screws

3. Removing the electrical parts box

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Disconnect the indoor/outdoor connecting wire and power supply wire from terminal block.
- (4) Disconnect the connectors on the controller circuit board.
- (5) Remove the terminal cover and disconnect the compressor lead wire.
- (6) Remove 2 electrical parts box fixing screw (4 X 10) and detach the electrical parts box by pulling it upward. The electrical parts box is fixed with 2 hooks on the left and 1 hook on the right.

Photo 5 (PUHZ-HW140VHA)

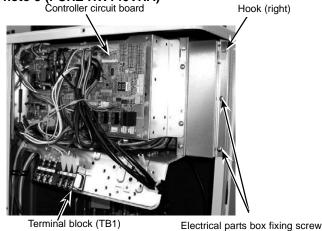
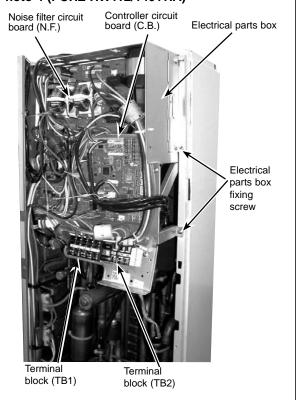


Photo 4 (PUHZ-HW112/140YHA)

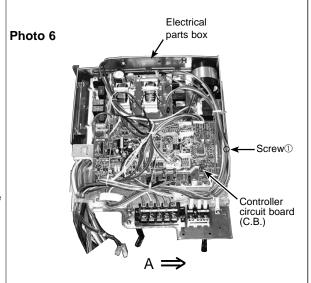


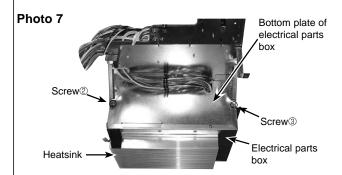
4. Disassembling the electrical parts box (PUHZ-HW112/140YHA)

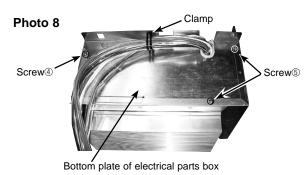
- (1) Disconnect all the connectors on the controller circuit board
- (2) Remove the 3 screws, screw ①, ② and ③, that fix the plate equipped with the outdoor controller circuit board, and the electrical parts box, screw ① from the front and the screw ② and ③ from the bottom of the electrical parts box. (See Photo 6 and 7.)
- (3) Slide the plate in the direction of the arrow A and remove it. (See Photo 6.)
- (4) Remove the lead wires from the clamp on the bottom of the electrical parts box. (See Photo 8.)
- (5) Remove the 3 screws, screw @ and ⑤, that fix the bottom side of the electrical parts box and remove the bottom side plate by sliding in the direction of the arrow B. (See Photo 8 and 9.)
- (6) Remove the 2 screws, screw ® and ⑦, that fix the plate equipped with the noise filter circuit board and converter circuit board. (See Photo 10.)

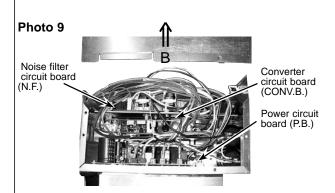
Note: When reassembling the electrical parts box, make sure the wirings are correct.

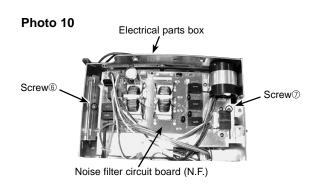
PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATION







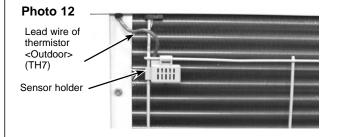




Removing the thermistor <Plate HEX liquid> (TH6) and thermistor <Outdoor> (TH7)

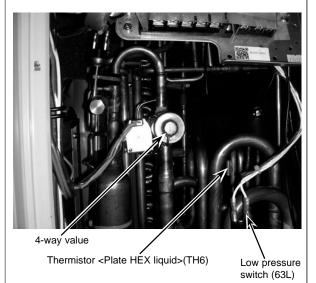
- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Disconnect the connectors, TH7/6 (red) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.
- (4) Loosen the 2 wire clamps on top of the electrical parts box.
- (5) Pull out the thermistor <Plate HEX liquid> (TH6) and thermistor <Outdoor> (TH7) from the sensor holder.

Note: In case of replacing thermistor <Plate HEX liquid> (TH6) or thermistor <Outdoor> (TH7), replace it together.



PHOTOS

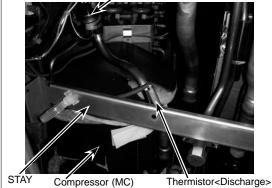
Photo 11



6. Removing the thermistor <Discharge> (TH4)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Disconnect the connector TH4 (white) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.
- (4) Loosen the wire clamps bottom of the electrical parts box and separator.
- (5) Pull out the thermistor <Discharge> (TH4) from the sensor holder.

Photo 13 High pressure sensor (63HS)



7. Removing the thermistor <Liquid> (TH3) and thermistor <suction> (TH33)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Disconnect the connectors TH3 (white) and TH33 (yellow) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.
- (3) Loosen the wire clamps bottom of the electrical parts box and separator.
- (4) Pull out the thermistor <Liquid> (TH3), <Suction> (TH33) from the sensor holder.

Photo 14

Thermistor <Liquid> (TH3) Thermistor <Suction> (TH33)

High pressure sensor (63HS) Compressor (MC)

8. Removing the 4-way valve coil (21S4), and linear expansion valve coil (LEV-A, LEV-B, LEV-C)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)

[Removing the 4-way valve coil] (See Photo 15.)

- (3) Remove 4-way valve solenoid coil fixing screw (M4 X 6).
- (4) Remove the 4-way valve coil by sliding the coil toward you.
- (5) Disconnect the connector 21S4 (green) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.

[Removing the LEV coil] (See Photo 16.)

- (3) Remove the linear expansion valve coil by sliding the coil upward.
- (4) Disconnect the connectors, LEV-A (white), LEV-B (red) and LEV-C (blue) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.

9. Removing the 4-way valve

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove 5 right side panel fixing screws (5 x 10) (4: rear of the unit/1: right side base) and remove the right side
- (4) Remove the 4-way valve coil. (See Photo 15.)
- (5) Recover refrigerant.
- (6) Remove the welded part of 4-way valve.
- Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air. Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel.
- Note 3: When installing the 4-way valve, cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (120°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.

10. Removing LEV

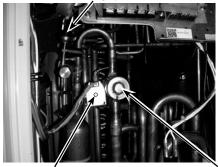
- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove 3 stay fixing screws (4 X 10) and remove the
- (4) Remove 5 right side panel fixing screws (5 X 10) (4: rear of the unit/1: right side base) and remove the right side panel.
- (5) Remove the LEV coil.
- (6) Recover refrigerant.
- (7) Remove the welded part of LEV.
- Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air. Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by remov-
- ing the right side panel. Note 3: When installing the LEV, cover it with a wet cloth
- to prevent it from heating (120°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.

11. Removing the high pressure switch (63H) (See Photo 15.) and the low pressure switch (63L) (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)

- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove 5 right side panel fixing screws (5 x 10) (4: rear of the unit/1: right side base) and remove the right side panel.
- (4) Pull out the lead wire of high pressure switch and low pressure switch.
- (5) Recover refrigerant.
- (6) Remove the welded part of high pressure switch and low pressure switch.
- Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.
- Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel.
- Note 3: When installing the high pressure switch, cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (100°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.

PHOTOS

Photo 15 High pressure switch (63H)



4-way valve coil fixing screw

4-way valve

Heat exchanger

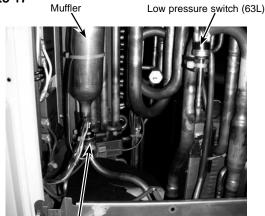
Photo 16



4-way valve

Photo 17

LEV (LEV-B)



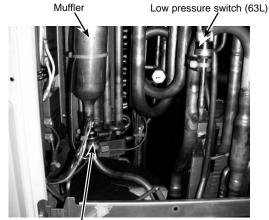
High pressure sensor (63HS)

12. Removing high pressure sensor (63HS)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Pull out the lead wire of high pressure sensor.
- (4) Remove the 4-way valve coil. (See Photo 15.)
- (5) Recover refrigerant.
- (6) Remove the welded part of high pressure sensor.
- Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.
- Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel.
- Note 3: When installing the high pressure sensor, make sure to cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (100°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.

PHOTOS

Photo 18

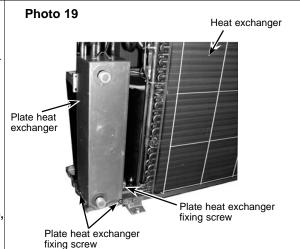


High pressure sensor (63HS)

13. Removing the plate heat exchanger

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove 2 screws (5 x 10) and remove the front cover panel.
- (4) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4, 5.)
- (5) Remove 3 screws (4 x 10) and remove the stay.
- (6) Remove 5 screw (5 x 10) (4: rear of the unit/1: right side base) and remove the right side panel.
- (7) Recover the refrigerant
- (8) Remove 2 welded pipes of plate heat exchanger inlet and outlet.
- (9) Remove 3 plate heat exchanger fixing screws (4 x 10), then remove the plate heat exchanger.
- Note 1: Recover refrigerant without letting it out in the air.

 Note 2: Before removing the thermistor <Inlet water> (TH32),
 recover water in the plate heat exchanger.

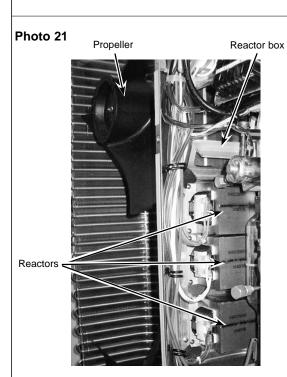


14. Removing the reactors (ACL1, ACL2, ACL3) (PUHZ-HW112/140YHA)

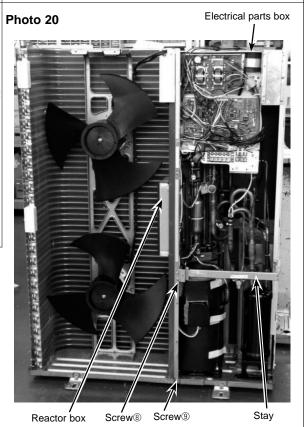
- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove the 6 screws, that fix the front panel and remove the front panel.
- (4) Remove the 2 screws, screw ® and ⑨ (both 4 X 10), that fix the separator, screw ® from the valve bed and screw ⑨ from the bottom of the separator, and tilt the separator to the side of the fan motor slightly. (See Photo 20.)
- (5) Disconnect the lead wires from the reactor and remove the 4 screws, screw (10), that fix the reactor to remove the reactor. (See Photo 21 and 22.)

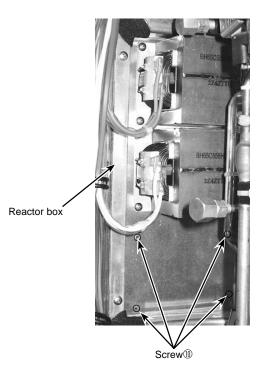
Note 1: The reactor is very heavy (4 kg)! Be careful when handling it.

Note 2: The reactor box is also removable.



PHOTOS





15. Removing the compressor (MC)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove 2 front cover panel fixing screws (5 X 10) and remove the front cover panel.
- (4) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4, 5.)
- (5) Remove 3 stay fixing screws (4 X 10) and remove the stay.
- (6) Remove 5 right side panel fixing screws (5 X 10) (4: rear of the unit/1: right side base) and remove the right side panel.
- (7) Remove 3 separator fixing screws (4 X 10) and remove the separator.
- (8) Remove the soundproof cover for compressor.
- (9) Remove the terminal cover and remove the compressor lead wire.
- (10) Recover refrigerant.
- (11) Remove the 4 points of the compressor fixing nut using a spanner or a adjustable wrench.
- (12) Remove the welded pipe of compressor inlet and outlet then remove the compressor.

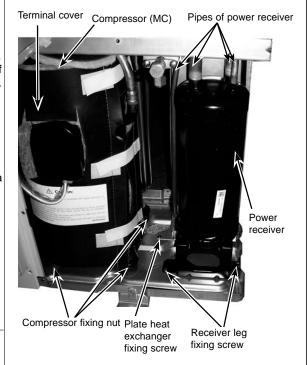
Note: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.

16. Removing the power receiver

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove 2 front cover panel fixing screws (5 X 10) and remove the front cover panel.
- (4) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4, 5.)
- (5) Remove 3 stay fixing screws (4 X 10) and remove the stay.
- (6) Remove 5 right side panel fixing screws (5 X 10) (4: rear of the unit/1: right side base) and remove the right side panel.
- (7) Recover refrigerant.
- (8) Remove 4 welded pipes of power receiver inlet and outlet.
- (9) Remove 2 receiver leg fixing screws (4 X 10).

Note: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.

PHOTOS





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